The

Union Switch & Signal Co. Swissvale, Pa.



1907

Electric Train Staff Catalogue

### A CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST

OF

## Interlocking and Signaling Devices

MADE BY

# THE UNION SWITCH & SIGNAL Co.

OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

Owners of the Westinghouse System of Electro-Pneumatic Block Signaling and Interlocking.

Also Designers, Manufacturers and Erectors of Pneumatic, Electro-Pneumatic, Electric, Electro-Mechanical, and Purely Mechanical Appliances for Railway Protection.

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General Offices and Works SWISSVALE, PA.

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#### PREFACE

As our edition of Bulletin 23 describing the Electric Train Staff System has been nearly exhausted we place before the railroads this new catalogue of the devices used in this system.

In the first part of the book we have outlined the development of this system and given a detailed description of the manner in which the devices are operated.

Particular attention is called to the description of the Staff System installed on the Southern Pacific Railway on pages 12 and 13. This, the largest installation of its kind in this country, has been in successful operation for over a year and a half and has given entire satisfaction.

In the latter part of the book will be found a detailed price list of the devices which will facilitate the ordering of new instruments and repair parts.

We firmly believe that as railroad officials become more familiar with its efficiency, cheapness and simplicity of operation, the staff system will in the next few years become the standard method of operating trains on single track in this country.

#### The Union Switch & Signal Company

Swissvale, Pa., September, 1907.

#### **ORDERS**

In ordering material from this catalogue, the Plate and Figure number should be given in all cases, also such other information as may be called for in the notes or lists.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE ELECTRIC TRAIN STAFF SYSTEM

#### THE ELECTRIC TRAIN STAFF SYSTEM

#### DEVELOPMENT

The Electric Train Staff System of today is a gradual development from a simple principle for the operation of railroads which was recognized in England as early as 1840; namely, that to safely pass over a given section of single track, every train should have in its possession a tangible right to do so in the form of some specific article of which there is only one obtainable. The first train staff was a metal bar about two feet long, which had cast or engraved on it the name of the two stations between which it alone gave authority for any train to proceed. Unless trains moved alternately in opposite directions the staff had to be returned over the section by a special engine or in some cases by road.

To partially overcome this difficulty the staff and ticket system was devised, in which device the original staff became a key that would unlock a box at either end of the section and permit tickets to be taken therefrom. If it was desired to forward say three trains from one station to another before one should proceed in the opposite direction, the ticket box was unlocked with the staff and a ticket given to the first and second trains, the third train receiving the staff.

Since an engineer or guard of any train when receiving a ticket was required to see the staff as well, this system while making head-on collisions impossible did not permit trains to enter a section from the end at which the staff did not happen to be. To accomplish this result Mr. Edward Tyer in 1878 introduced his electric tablet apparatus which consisted of two instruments, one at either end of a section, each instrument containing a certain number of tablets, any one of which constituted the right of a train to pass over that section. The two instruments were electrically connected and synchronized so that the removal of a tablet from either instrument absolutely prevented any other being taken out.

In 1889 Mr. Webb, Chief Mechanical Engineer, and Mr. Thompson, Signal Superintendent of the London & North Western Railway, invented the Webb & Thompson Electric Train Staff, in which staffs were substituted for the tablets in the Tyer system and a permissive feature added whereby several trains could follow each other into a block section if desired, in a manner similar to that employed in the non-electric staff and ticket system.

The American rights for the Webb & Thompson system are owned by this Company, which installed the first instruments in May, 1894, on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, between Savanna, Ill., and Sabula, Iowa, with eminently satisfactory results.

Since that time this staff system has been introduced on the Chesapeake & Ohio; the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific; the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe; the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific; and the Canadian Pacific Railways.

The main objection to the extended adoption of the Webb & Thompson apparatus was the size of the staff, which made it difficult to catch at high speed. To overcome this objection, the Union Switch & Signal Company in 1900 introduced what was known as its High Speed Train Staff System, which, although based on the same general principles and method of operation as the Webb & Thompson, possessed the essential advantage of employing staffs only six inches in length, weighing 6½ ounces; as against staffs 22 inches long, weighing 4 pounds, of the Webb & Thompson system, thus greatly simplifying the problem of taking the staff at high speeds.

This latter system was installed on the Chesapeake & Ohio; Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific; Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe; Philadelphia & Reading; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; Chicago & Great Western; Chicago & Alton; Southern; and the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railways.

On the last named railroad among other places this system was applied to a section extending from Trinidad, Colorado, to Raton, New Mexico, a distance of 25 miles, which was divided into seven block sections. This portion of the Atchison comprises mountain grades averaging 3½ per cent. for a greater part of the distance, over which a traffic of approximately 60 trains a day is operated. On account of the number of trains, and also the fact that each train required two and sometimes three engines on the up grade, an average of one hundred and fifty train orders was issued in each twenty-four hours, most of which were sent to not less than two stations, so that the total delay to trains awaiting these orders can easily be imagined. With the introduction of the staff system as many trains, or more, have since been handled over this section with no collisions and a minimum of delays.

At the intermediate stations on this section, staff cranes are provided from which the enginemen can take the staffs at a speed up to 25 miles an hour without the use of any special attachments on the engines.

At another point where this apparatus is in use the practice is followed of handing the staff to an engineer by means of a rattan hoop about two feet in diameter, similar to the method followed by many railroads for delivering "19 orders" and clearance cards. The staff being small and light is as easily delivered on such a hoop as a train order. This method may be safely followed for all trains which can afford to reduce speed to 25 miles or even 30 miles an hour when passing the staff station, thus avoiding the special catching apparatus on the majority of the locomotives.

On the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific Ry., which operates a number of staff stations, the practice is to deliver the staff to any train which can afford to slow down to 30 miles an hour without any special attachments on the locomotives, such a device being only applied to their fast expresses on which the staff has to be caught at speeds frequently exceeding 60 miles an hour, as shown by the accompanying views.

Our latest type of staff instrument, known as the Electric High Speed Train Staff, Model No. 2, has been developed during the past four years, and employs a staff of practically the same size and weight as the Model No. 1 instrument, over which it possesses the following advantages:

By having separate drums for putting in and taking out the staffs, equal wear on all staffs is secured; whereas, in the earlier instrument some of the staffs would be practically worn out from constant use while others would hardly ever be used.

The second advantage lies in the special type of indicator employed in this instrument, which plainly shows the operator by the display of a white or red disc whether or not his instrument is in condition for him to remove a staff, and thus leaves him no excuse to strain the mechanism.

## PRINCIPAL ADVANTAGES OF THE ELECTRIC TRAIN STAFF SYSTEM

While in the foregoing we have described generally the principles on which the Electric Train Staff is operated, yet we call particular attention to the following points:

First—The Electric Train Staff System may be considered as a mechanical assistant which issues metal train orders under the general direction of the train dispatcher, giving trains the right to proceed over certain sections of track, and will only issue one such order at a time for any section, except in the case of following trains where the permissive system is used, thus obviating all danger of "lap orders."

Second—In place of eliminating the train dispatcher, as has at times been erroneously supposed, the train staff by removing all dangers of collision and doing away with all train orders, relieves his mind from the constant strain imposed upon it under the present system and gives ample time to issue orders to operators on his division for the proper movements of the trains under his control.

Third—It avoids all the delay now experienced in waiting for train orders. If conditions are right for a train to proceed the staff can be obtained immediately and when the permissive system is employed trains can follow each other as closely as the rules of the road may permit.

Fourth—It alone, of all block systems, provides a tangible piece of evidence in the shape of the staff to the engineer or conductor of his right to the particular block section he may occupy.

Fifth—It can be surrounded with all such additional safeguards as conditions and locations may warrant, including semaphore signals and continuous track circuit, electric locks, etc.

Sixth—It can be safely operated by any railroad employee of average intelligence. As a knowledge of telegraphy is not necessary for its operation, a number of staff stations can, if desired, be operated by partially disabled employees.

Seventh—At stations where telegraph operators are employed who have other duties, it will be found that the operation of the staff will take up considerable less of their time than is now expended on telegraphic train orders.

Where the blocks are of necessity long, and traffic is heavy through certain portions of the day only, the permissive feature may be introduced, which, while it makes it impossible for two trains proceeding in opposite directions to be in any given block at one time, permits as high as twelve trains to follow each other in the same block at close intervals. This feature is treated upon hereafter.

#### THE ELECTRIC TRAIN STAFF SYSTEM

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION AND METHOD OF OPERATION

#### ABSOLUTE STAFFS AND STAFF INSTRUMENTS

In the operation of the electric train staff the track to be protected is divided into blocks or sections of such length as best accommodate local and traffic conditions. These blocks usually terminate at existing stations or telegraph offices, though occasionally, as in the telegraph block system, additional block stations have to be installed when the distance between any two existing stations is too great for the expeditious handling of traffic.

Each section is controlled by two instruments (Fig. 1) one at each end, which for convenience in this description are referred to as "X" and "Y." Each instrument is equipped with a sufficient number of staffs (varying from 10 to 35 per section) to take care of the traffic conditions. No train is permitted to proceed between "X" and "Y" in either direction unless the conductor or engineer has in his possession one of these staffs which is in effect a metal train order. The instruments at "X" and "Y" are electrically connected and synchronized so that the withdrawal of a staff from either can only be effected by the joint action of the operators at "X" and "Y," and but one staff can be out of both instruments at any one time.

To move a train from "X" to "Y" the manipulation of the instruments is as follows:

The operator at "X" presses bell key (A, Fig. 1) the number of times prescribed in the bell code, which rings bell (L, Fig. 2) at "Y." The operator at "Y" first acknowledges receipt on his bell key, ringing bell (L, Fig. 2) at "X" through circuit shown on Plate No. I, and then holds it closed, thereby deflecting the "current indicating needle" (F, Fig. 3) at "X" to the right. This informs "X" that "Y" has furnished current and he proceeds to remove the staff by turning the preliminary spindle handle (B, Fig. 1) to the right as far as it will go, which raises the armature (J, Fig. 4) up to the magnets (K, Fig. 4) transferring the current from the bell "L" to the magnet K-88 Plate No. 2, closing the circuit as shown in red on Plate No. 2, and at the same time closing the circuit on K-360 shown in green on Plate No. 2, after which the preliminary spindle handle (B, Fig. 1) is permitted to automatically return to its normal position. This unlocks the revolving drum (C, Fig. 4) and indicates the fact by displaying a white instead of a red disc in the indicator at H, Fig. 3. The operator now moves the end staff (E, Fig. 1) up the vertical slot into engagement with the drum (C, Fig. 4), the outer guard (N, Fig. 3) having first been turned to the right position, revolves the latter through a half turn using the staff as a handle. and finally withdraws the staff through the opening at (M, Figs. 1 and 5). In making the half turn the drum (C, Fig. 4) has reversed the polarity of the operating current, thereby throwing the instruments at "X" and "Y" out of synchrony with each other and moving the "staff indicating needle" at "X" (G, Fig. 5) from "Staff In" to "Staff Out." Immediately on withdrawing the staff, the operator at "X" once more presses his bell key "A" which indicates to the operator at "Y" by moving his needle from "Staff In" to "Staff Out" that the operation is completed.

The staff withdrawn is now delivered to the train by hand if the train is at rest, or passing at a speed of less than 25 miles per hour. For higher speeds the staff is placed in a special holder and delivered by methods similar to those followed in the Railway Mail Service, the engine being fitted with a catching and delivering device. A glance at the accompanying cuts will make this clear.

As mentioned before, in taking out a staff the polarity of the operating current is reversed. This prevents a second staff from being taken out of either instrument, as will be noted from the following:

The polarity of the current flowing through magnet K-360 Plate No. 2 is never changed, the current for same being local. The polarity of the current flowing through K-88 Plate No. 2 is changed each time a staff is put in or taken out of either instrument. This puts the instruments either in or out of synchrony. The magnet (K, Fig. 4) is formed of two separate coils, one energized by the local and one by the line battery. The construction of this magnet is such that when the currents in both coils flow in the same direction, the lines of force flow round the cores and connecting straps, thus forming no point of attraction for the armature. When the current is reversed in one coil, the lines of force oppose each other and the armature being brought to the point of attraction is held there. With the staff out, if an attempt be made to release another staff, the circuit closed will be as shown on Plate No. 3 with the polarity of the current flowing through magnet K-88 reversed. By comparing this circuit with the one shown on Plate No. 2 for releasing a staff, it will be seen that in the former the currents flowing through magnets K-360 and K-88 oppose each other, and in the latter they do not, thus preventing the release of a second staff. On arrival of the train at "Y" the staff is delivered either by hand or deliverer to the operator who, having seen that the train is complete by observing the rear end markers, places the staff in the opening (M, Figs. 1 and 5) of his instrument, having first turned the outer guard (N, Fig. 3) to place, moves the staff into engagement with and revolves drum (D, Fig. 4) through one-half turn, using the staff as a handle (see Fig. 8) and allows it to roll down the spiral. He then presses his bell key the prescribed number of times, thus notifying "X" that the train is out of the section, which operation also moves the "staff indicating needle" at "X" from "Staff Out" to "Staff In." The operator at "X" presses his bell key in acknowledgment and by so doing moves the "staff indicating needle" at "Y" from "Staff Out" to "Staff In" (see Fig. 8). The machines are now synchronized and another staff can be obtained from either in the manner above described.

The staff being put in the instrument at "Y," the circuits for releasing a staff at "X" or "Y" would be as shown on Plates Nos. 4 and 5 respectively.

While it takes some little time to describe the method of operating the staff instruments, yet, as a matter of fact, the removal of the staff actually takes less than 5 seconds, and the operation of putting one in an instrument less than 2 seconds, under ordinary conditions.

The same methods are followed at each succeeding staff station, but no two adjacent sections use the same design of staff; that is to say, the staffs used between "X" and "Y" will not fit the instruments controlling the section between "Y" and "Z."

Usually four different designs of staffs are employed in actual practice, to avoid any possibility of their being improperly used.

#### PERMISSIVE FEATURE

While the absolute system, where but one train is allowed in any section, is the ideal arrangement, yet cases occur where it is desirable to allow several trains to follow each other into the block at short intervals. This is known as the permissive system, and consists of an attachment to the absolute machine at each end of the section with *one* permissive staff. This instrument is shown on Plate 2317.

To operate this feature an absolute staff is withdrawn from the instrument at "X" in the usual manner and used as a key to unlock the attachment or base containing the permissive staff which is then taken out. The opening of the base and the removal of the permissive staff locks the absolute staff in the permissive attachment, there to remain until the permissive staff is replaced. The permissive staff consists of a steel rod and 11 removable rings, any one of which authorize a train to pass through the section to "Y." If less than 12 trains are to follow each other, the last one takes all the remaining rings and steel rod. When all the rings and rods are received at "Y," the operator reassembles them into the complete permissive staff which he then places in the permissive attachment or base and locks it therein by the absolute staff already in the lock of this attachment. By so doing he releases the absolute staff which he restores to the absolute instrument in the regular manner. The machines are now synchronized and a movement can be made with an absolute staff in either direction and from "Y" to "X" with the permissive staff.

If it is again found necessary to move several trains from "X" to "Y" under the permissive system, the permissive staff must be obtained by "Y" as before described and forwarded to "X" as a whole by the first train moving in that direction. The entire permissive staff confers the same rights as does an absolute staff.

#### CONTROL OF SIGNALS

In its capacity as a key the absolute staff has a number of uses in addition to that already described. Where signals are used to indicate to an approaching train whether or not it will receive a staff, an instrument known as the staff and lever lock is attached to each lever operating such signals. This instrument is shown on Plate 2323. To clear a signal the staff after being withdrawn is first used to unlock the lever lock. The signal is then cleared and the staff removed from the lock and delivered to the train.

To insure the signal being placed at danger behind a train the act of unlocking the signal lever opens the staff circuit, and no communication can be made between the two staff stations until the signal is at danger and the lever locked in that position. This does not indicate, however, that the operator will have the staff ready for delivery by hand, or in the mechanical deliverer. To cover this point an electric slot is attached to the signal governing train movements into the staff section, which slot is controlled by the staff and lever lock and the mechanical deliverer, so that before the signal can be cleared the staff must be released, used to unlock the signal lever and put in the staff deliverer which closes the circuit on the electric slot. The signal can then be cleared. With this arrangement, therefore, a clear signal cannot be given until the staff is actually in the deliverer.

When the train picks up the staff, the circuit on the slot is opened, automatically setting the signal to danger and it cannot again be cleared until the operation described above is repeated.

#### SWITCH LOCKING

The staff is also used as a key to unlock siding switches which may occur between staff stations, the switch locks being so designed that the staff cannot be removed from the lock until the switch is set and locked for the main line, thus providing absolute protection against misplaced switches.

#### INTERMEDIATE SIDING AND JUNCTION INSTRUMENTS

In some sections there is a siding of sufficient length to hold a train, but traffic would not warrant placing a staff station at this point. That the usefulness of this siding may not be lost, a special instrument is placed at the siding which enables it to be used for meeting or passing trains.

A junction or diverging line may be situated between two points most suitable for staff stations, but, on account of the small amount of traffic over the diverging line, it would not be desirable to make it a staff station. Such a point can be controlled in a similar manner. The circuits and operation of both the siding and junction instruments are the same.

To move trains between "X" and "Y" the manipulation of the instruments is the same as that previously described in connection with the absolute instruments.

To move a train from "X" to the siding or junction, a staff is released at "X" by "Y" in the regular manner (see circuits Plate No. 6). The operator at "X" gives the staff to the train with instructions to proceed to the siding or junction. Unlocking the switch with the staff, the train takes the siding or junction, closes and locks the switch, places the staff in the siding or junction instrument, and turns the drum to the right. The staff is now locked in the instrument and the staff instruments at "X," "Y" and junction of siding are synchronized. (See circuits Plates Nos. 7 and 8.)

When a movement is to be made from the siding or junction to "X" or "Y" (all staffs being in the instruments), "X" and "Y" acting in conjunction, can release a staff at the siding or junction (see circuits Plate No. 9), which on being removed changes the circuits so that no other staff can be released either at "X," "Y," siding, or junction until this staff is replaced in one of the instruments. The train then unlocks the switch, passes out on the main track, locks switch and proceeds to "X" or "Y."

#### PUSHER ENGINE ATTACHMENT

Another adjunct to the staff system is known as the pusher engine attachment and staff which is used on heavy grades where pusher engines are required, and is intended to both obviate the necessity of the pusher engine proceeding through the entire staff section, and to better equalize the traffic. It can readily be seen from the foregoing description of the staff system, that under ordinary rules every train having a pusher engine attached would receive one staff to proceed up grade, as from "Y" to "X." On arrival at "X" pusher engine would necessarily have to receive a staff to return to "Y." Supposing the traffic up and down grade to be equal, and that each train going up grade requires a pusher, it is apparent that twice as many staffs would go down hill as came up, resulting eventually in all the staffs arriving at the foot of the grade "Y," from whence they could only be returned to "X" by some special person authorized to unlock the instruments and remove the staffs by hand.

Furthermore, the summit of the grade may be half way between "Y" and "X," but under the rules a pusher could not cut off at the summit and return to "Y," but would have to continue on to "X" and receive a staff to return.

To overcome these two objections the pusher attachment (see Plate 2319) is employed. It consists (like the permissive attachment) of a separate device which may be attached to any absolute instrument, and contains a staff of special design which can only be released by an absolute staff, though, unlike the permissive staff, it can be out of its receptacle at the same time as the absolute staff.

The operation is as follows: A train with a pusher engine wishes to proceed from "Y" to "X." "X" releases staff at "Y" (see circuit Plate No. 10) and "Y" uses this staff to release pusher staff. This operation opens the controlling circuits of the system and closes the circuits on the pusher bells (see circuits Plate No. 11). "Y" then hands the absolute staff to the train and the pusher staff to the pusher engine. The train passes through the section and delivers the absolute staff at "X." This is placed in the instrument there, the pusher engine retaining the pusher staff and returning to "Y." Until this latter staff is put into the pusher attachment at "Y" and locked, the staff circuits are not re-established and no other staff can be released.

#### CIRCUIT CONTROLLER ATTACHMENT

Another attachment called the circuit controller attachment (see Plate 2321) is used where electric signals are operated in place of mechanical. This attachment is arranged to control the staff and signal circuits. The signal circuits controlling the signals for a through movement cannot be closed until the staff has been used to release same, which staff can be taken out when said release is made.

#### STAFF SYSTEM ON THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The longest continuous staff blocking in this country was installed in February, 1906, on the Southern Pacific Railway between Truckee and Colfax, California, a distance of 98 miles, divided into 37 blocks. This portion of the Southern Pacific is in the Sierra Nevada Mountains, and 14 of the staff stations are located in the snow sheds. Here the staff station is at the center of a passing siding. The staff system is worked in conjunction with electric signals so that trains may pass with facility and safety.

Through the snow sheds it was found that neither the modern electric semaphore signal nor the ancient types of banner and banjo signals could be installed. Mr. W. W. Slater, Signal Engineer of the Southern Pacific, designed a neat and compact disc signal suitable for this particular condition.

The general arrangement of tracks and signals at each of the staff stations is shown on Plate No. 12. All signals in the horizontal position indicates "take siding." Upper blade of two-arm signal clear and independent distant clear indicates "stop at staff station," "staff not ready." All signals clear indicates "proceed, staff ready and in crane."

The circuits controlling the signals in the above described movements are clearly shown on Plates Nos. 13, 14 and 15. On Plate No. 13, "B" has staff circuits closed, releasing a staff at both "A" and "C." Upon the arrival of these trains at "B," the one from "A" will take the siding and the one from "C" the main track, the latter stopping at the staff station (see Plate No. 14). If the train from "A" should get into siding at "B" in time to enable operator to put the staff into the instrument and get another released and put in the crane, the signals for the train from "C" could be cleared as shown on Plate No. 15, thus preventing its stopping.

The home and independent distant signals can be cleared at any time by moving the handle of the circuit controller attachment from the normal or first position to the middle or second position, allowing trains to approach the staff station, but the staff distant signal on the two-arm posts cannot be cleared until the circuit controller attachment has been released by a staff, when the handle can be moved from the middle or second position to the reverse or third position, thereby closing one point in the circuit of aforesaid staff distant signal, the other point in the circuit being closed by putting the staff in the crane ready for the train to take as it passes.

Two opposing signals cannot be given at the same time, the circuits of each being controlled by the other, making it necessary for one of the two to be in the normal or first position, as will be seen by referring to Plate No. 15.

The crane in use in this installation is shown on Plate 2339.

In conclusion we will state that although we have covered the main features of the staff system as minutely and clearly as this space will permit, yet the system embraces so many features that there may possibly remain many points upon which further explanation is necessary. We, therefore, beg to inform our customers and all others interested, that we shall be glad at any time to fully explain, from any of our offices, either by correspondence or personal interview, such points concerning this system as may not be entirely apparent.

The Union Switch & Signal Company, Swissvale, Pa. CUTS ILLUSTRATING
PRECEDING DESCRIPTION,
SHOWING DIFFERENT
VIEWS OF ABSOLUTE STAFF
INSTRUMENT AND
METHODS OF DELIVERING STAFFS

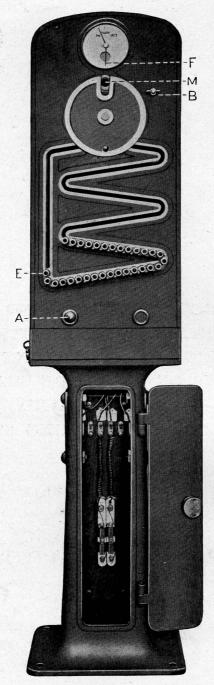


Fig. I
ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT WITH PEDESTAL
FRONT VIEW SHOWING DOOR OF PEDESTAL OPEN

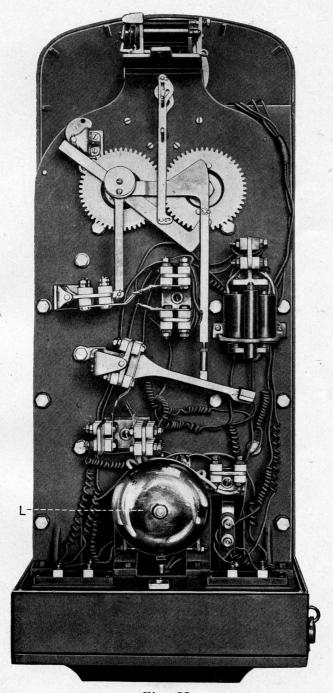


Fig. II

ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT
REAR VIEW WITH COVER REMOVED SHOWING ARMATURE DROPPED

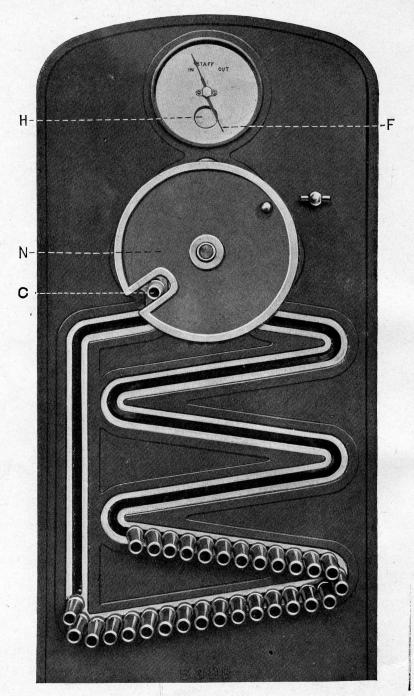


Fig. III

ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT
FRONT VIEW OF INSTRUMENT IN CONDITION FOR REMOVAL OF A STAFF

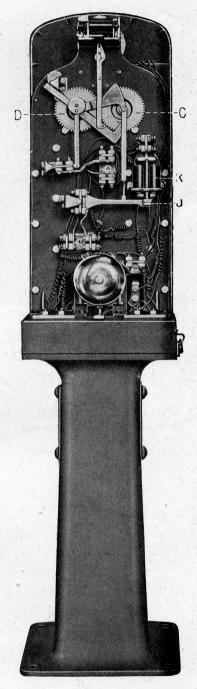


Fig. IV

ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT WITH PEDESTAL
REAR VIEW WITH COVER REMOVED SHOWING ARMATURE RAISED

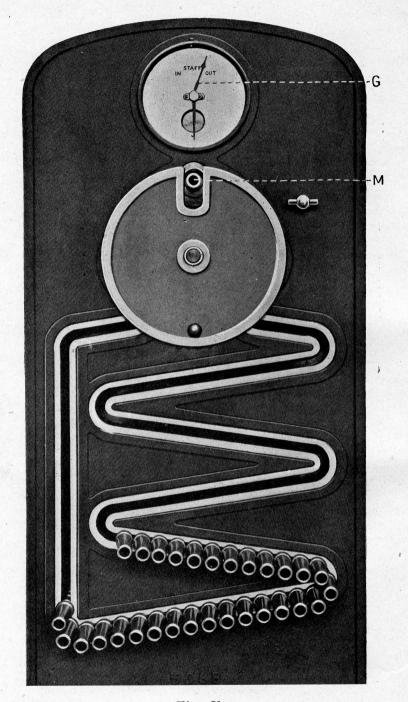


Fig. V

ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT
FRONT VIEW OF INSTRUMENT WHEN A STAFF IS RELEASED
OR ABOUT TO BE REPLACED



Fig. VI
ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT WITH PEDESTAL
REAR VIEW WITH COVER REMOVED SHOWING
ARMATURE DROPPED

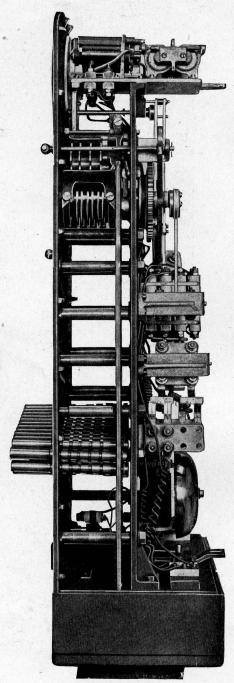


Fig. VII
ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT
SIDE VIEW WITH COVER REMOVED

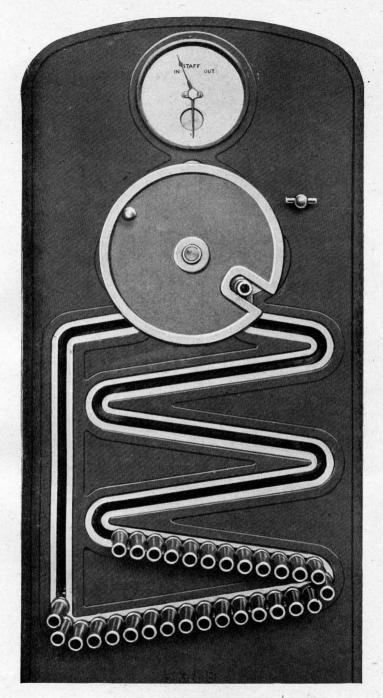


Fig. VIII

ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT
FRONT VIEW OF INSTRUMENT WHEN A STAFF
HAS BEEN REPLACED





VIEW SHOWING METHOD OF DELIVERING STAFF IN A RING STAFF POUCH BY HAND?

TO A TRAIN PASSING AT A RATE OF 30 MILES PER HOUR



Fig. X

VIEW SHOWING STAFF IN CRANE STAFF DELIVERER READY TO BE
TAKEN BY A PASSING TRAIN

## PLATES SHOWING CIRCUITS FOR THE ELECTRIC TRAIN STAFF SYSTEM

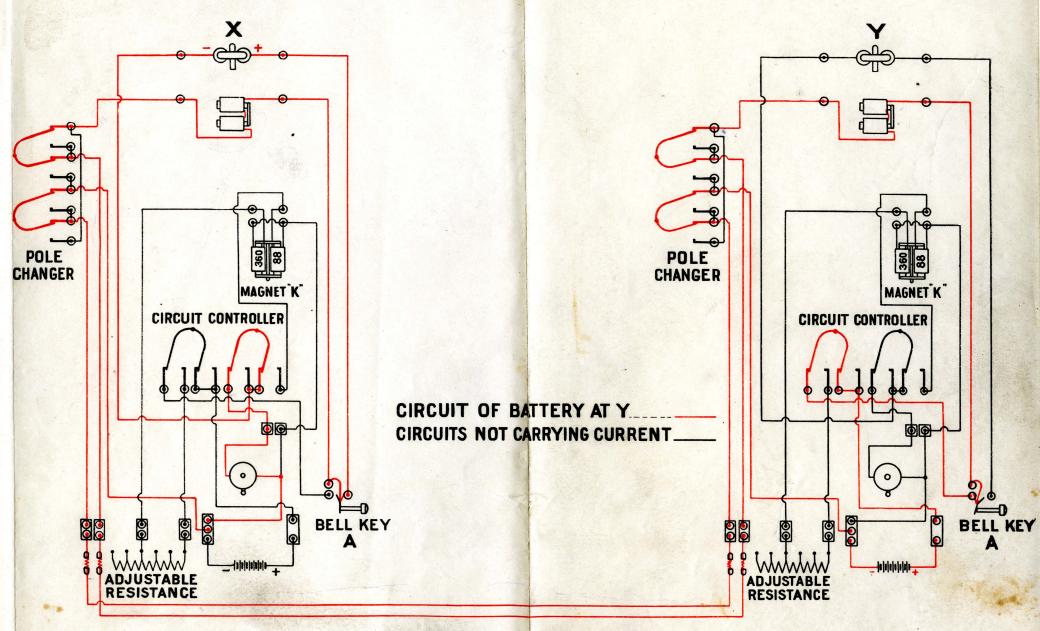
#### PLATES

The following plates represent diagrammatically the circuits of the different staff instruments and attachments mentioned in the previous description and shown in detail in the latter part of this catalogue. The first five plates show two absolute staff instruments which protect a block section between two successive staff stations. The circuits are given in colors for the conditions described at the bottom of each plate.

Plates 6 to 9 show a junction staff instrument in addition to the two absolute staff instruments protecting a block section. If, instead of a junction, there were a siding between these two absolute staff instruments, the circuits for the intermediate siding staff instrument would be the same as those shown for the junction staff instrument.

Plates 10 and 11 give the circuits for two absolute staff instruments with a pusher attachment at one end of the block section. This requires an additional bell key or push button circuit controller and an extra bell in each instrument. When the pusher staff is out of its attachment the ordinary circuits between the two instruments are opened but the circuits on the extra bells which are called the pusher bells, may then be closed by the extra keys, thus establishing communication between the two absolute staff instruments.

Plates 12 to 15 show the circuits at a staff station where circuit controller attachments are used to control electric signals, auxiliary to the staff system. The two absolute instruments shown on these plates are the instruments located at B, protecting the sections from B to C and from B to A respectively. On these plates the independent distant signals mentioned are the one-arm distant signals, which indicate the position of the home blades on the two-arm signals in advance. The staff distant signals are the bottom blades on these two-arm signals.



TWO ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENTS
BELL CIRCUIT FROM Y TO X

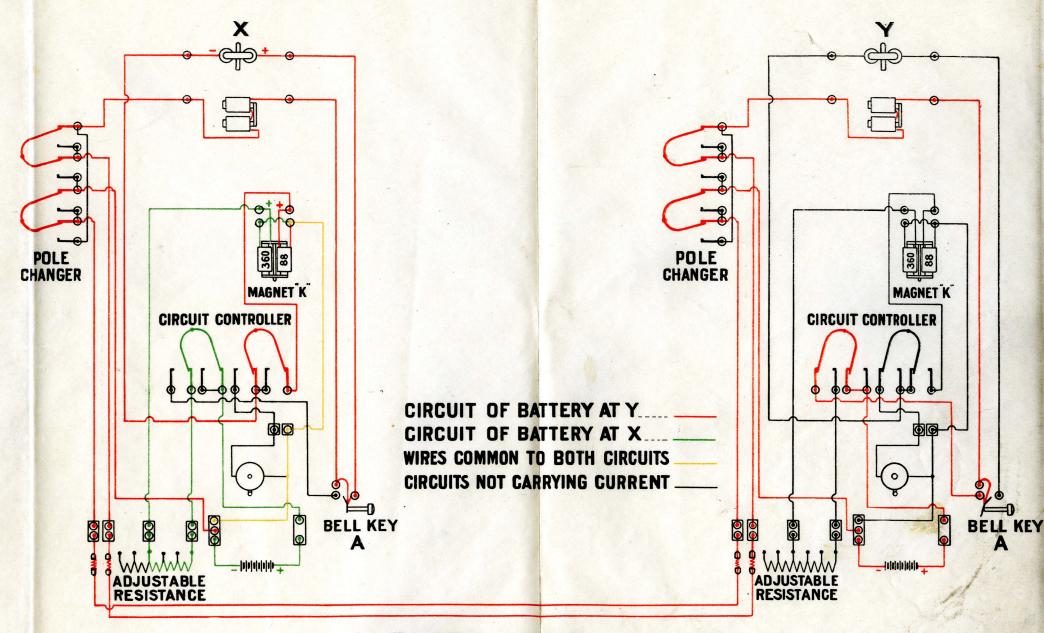
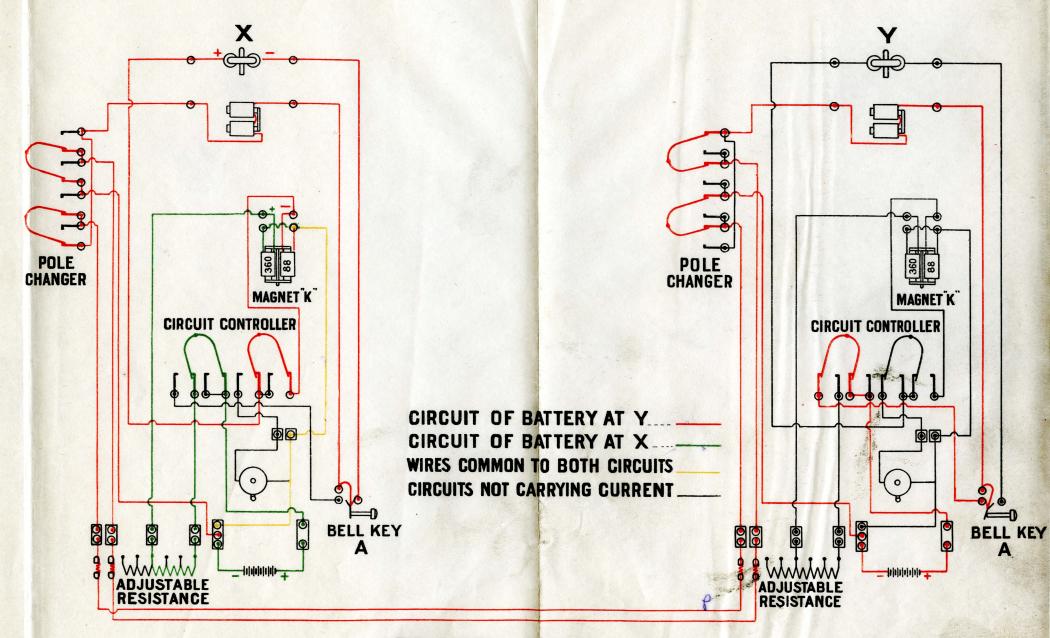


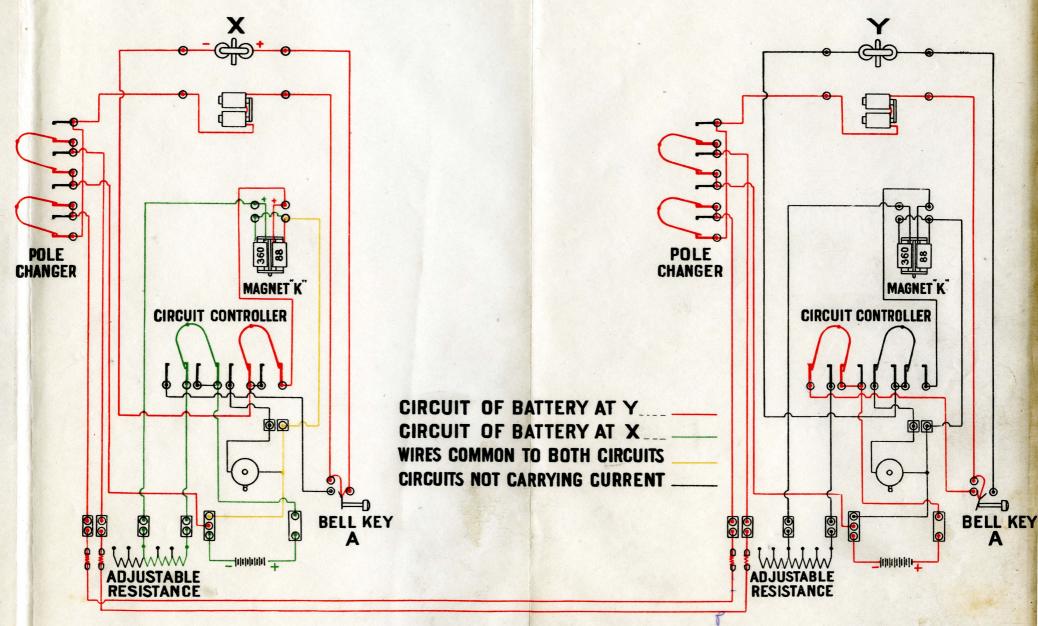
PLATE Nº 2

TWO ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENTS RELEASE CIRCUITS FROM Y TO X

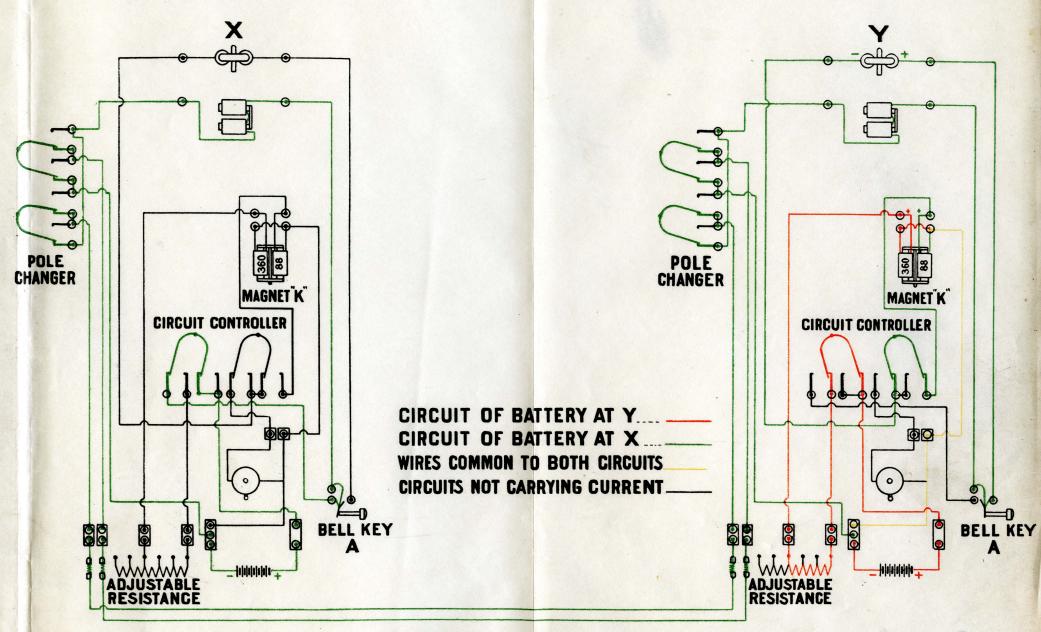


TWO ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENTS

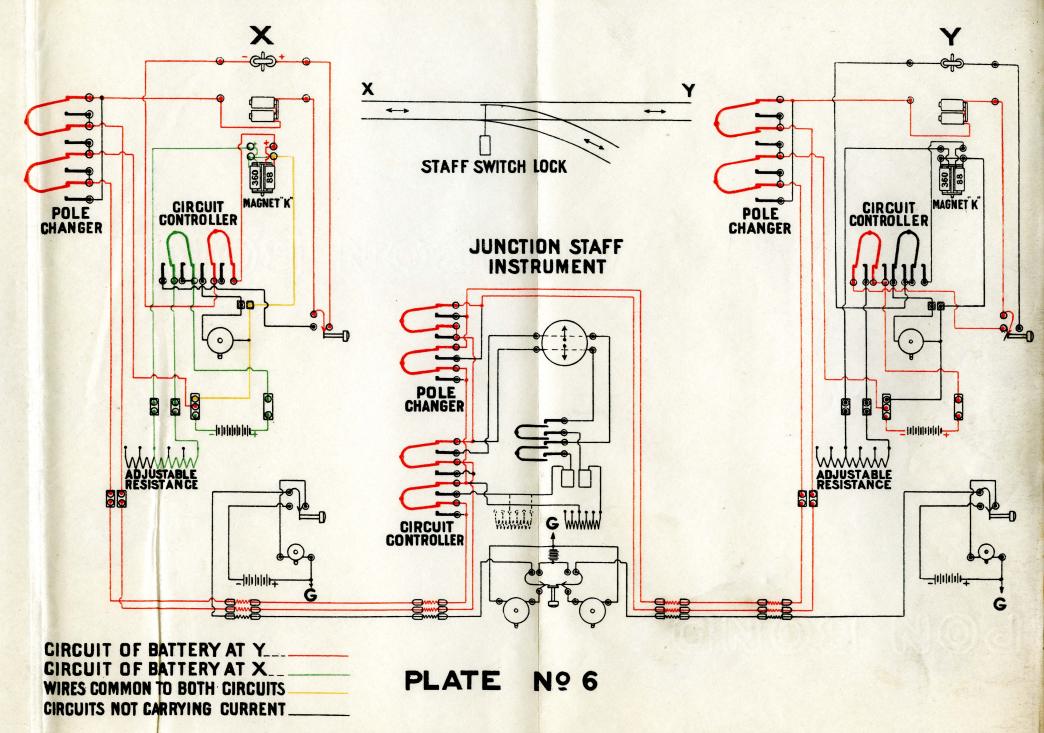
CIRCUITS WHEN AN ATTEMPT IS MADE TO RELEASE ANOTHER STAFF AT X AFTER A STAFF
HAS BEEN REMOVED AT X AND HAS NOT BEEN REPLACED
IN EITHER OF THE INSTRUMENTS



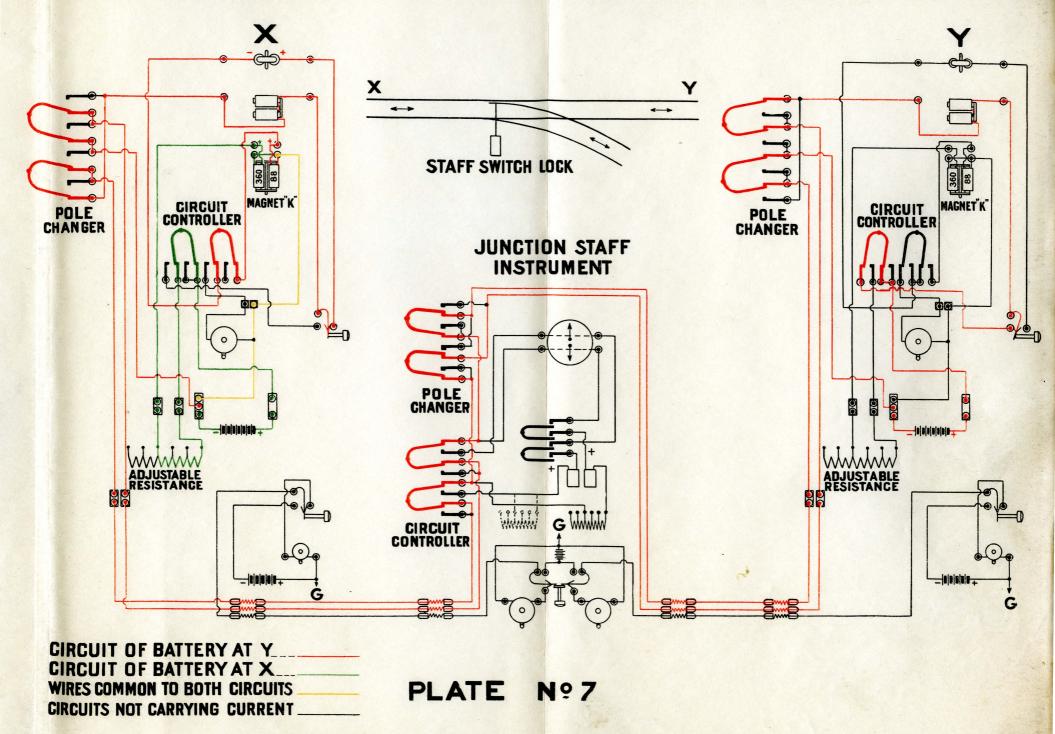
TWO ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENTS
RELEASE CIRCUITS FROM Y TO X AFTER STAFF WHICH WAS REMOVED FROM INSTRUMENT AT X HAS BEEN REPLACED IN INSTRUMENT AT Y

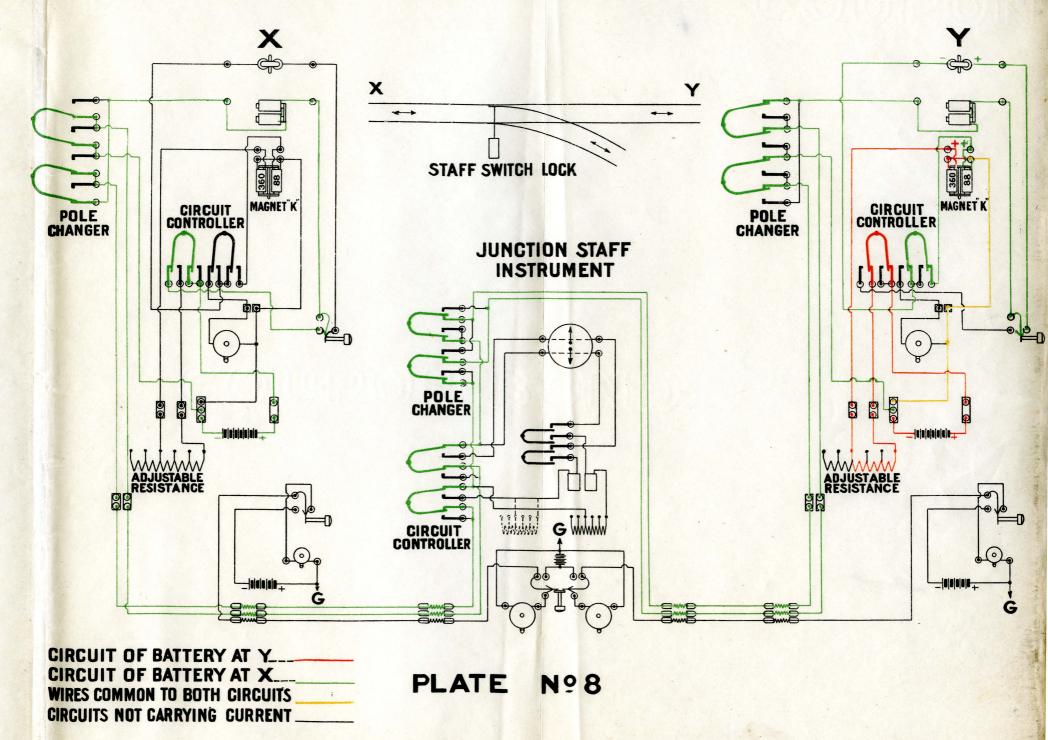


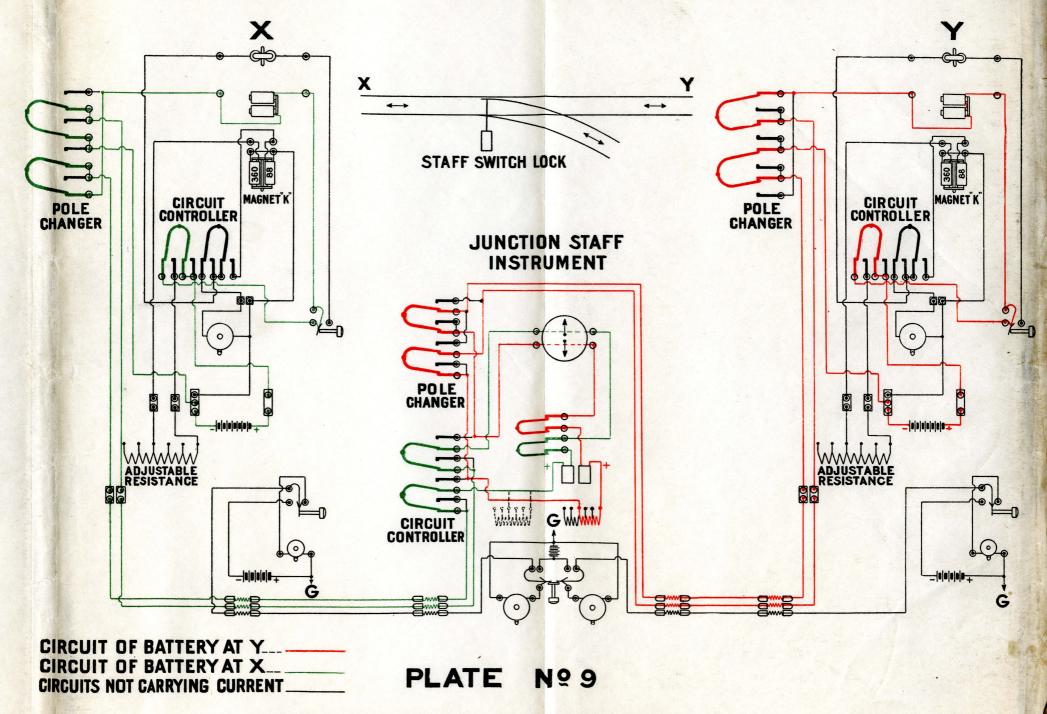
TWO ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENTS
RELEASE CIRCUITS FROM X TO Y



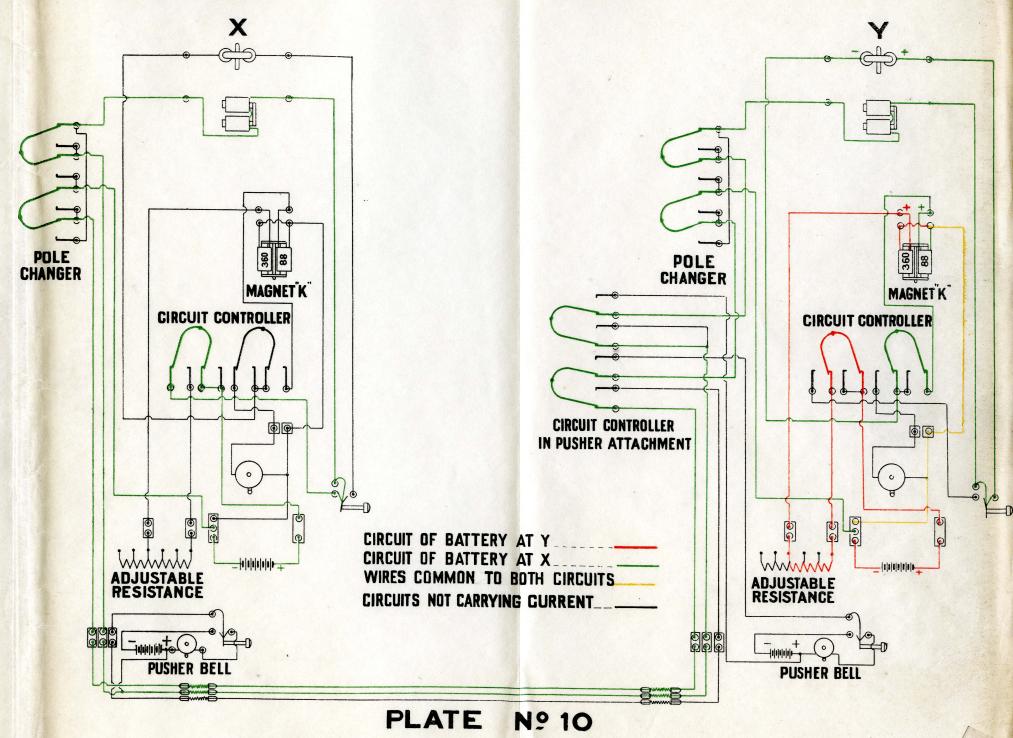
TWO ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENTS AND A JUNCTION STAFF INSTRUMENT RELEASE CIRCUITS FROM Y TO X



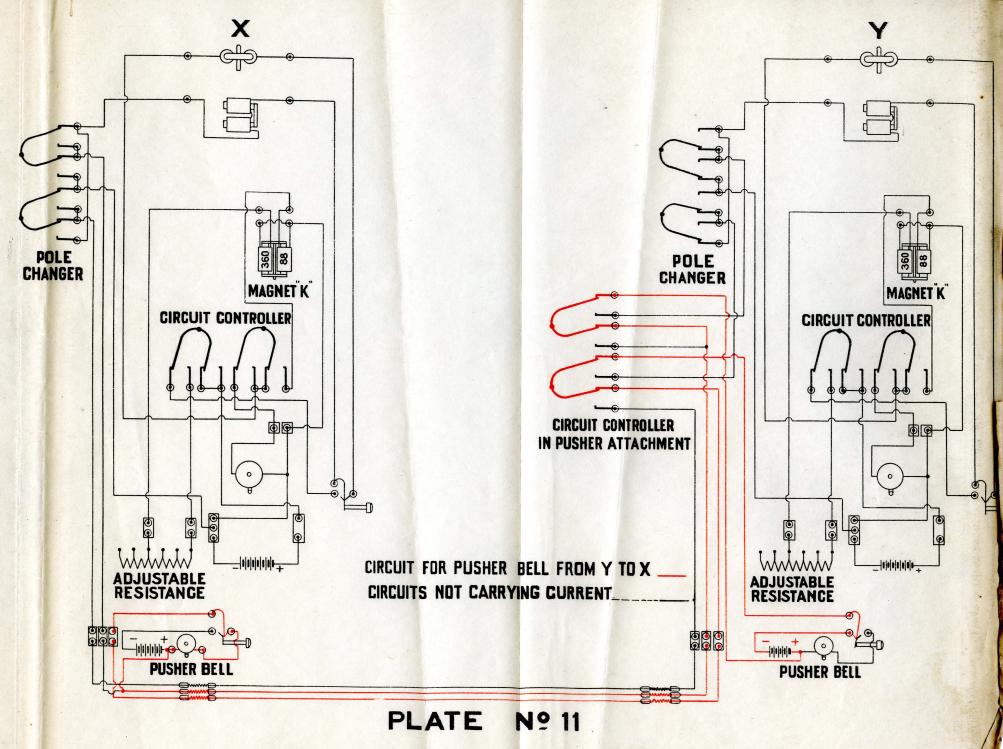




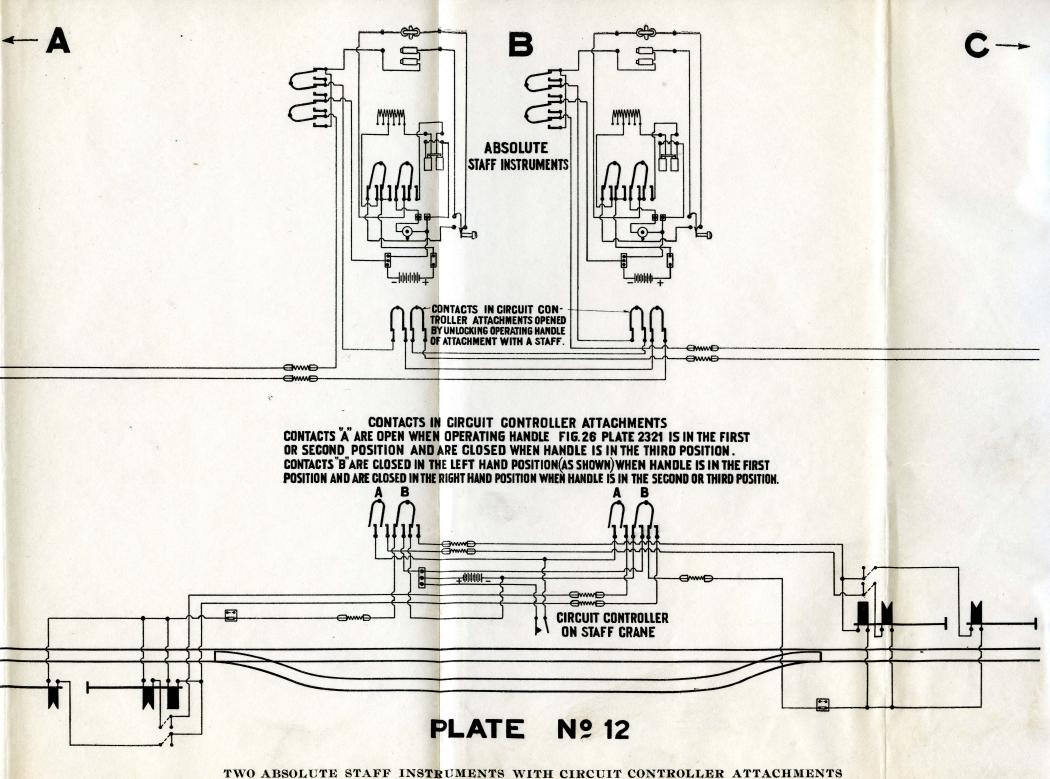
TWO ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENTS AND A JUNCTION STAFF INSTRUMENT RELEASE CIRCUITS FROM X AND Y TO JUNCTION STAFF INSTRUMENT



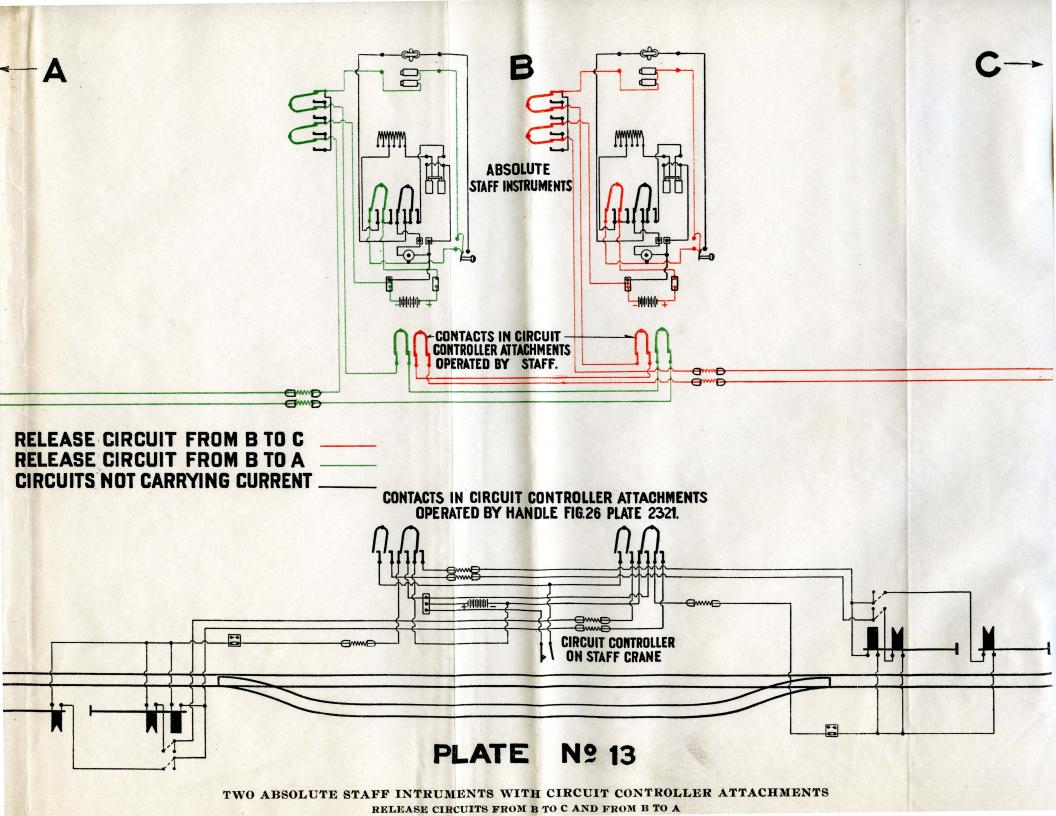
TWO ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENTS WITH A PUSHER ATTACHMENT RELEASE CIRCUITS FROM X TO Y

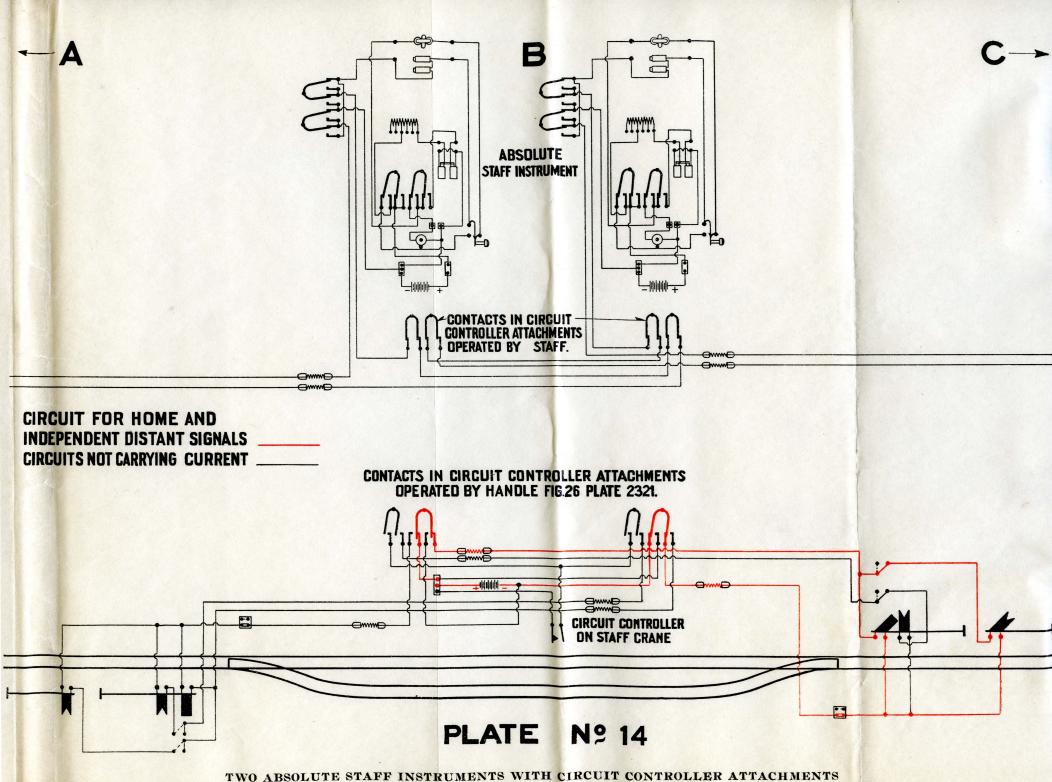


TWO ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENTS WITH A PUSHER ATTACHMENT CIRCUIT FOR PUSHER BELL FROM Y TO X

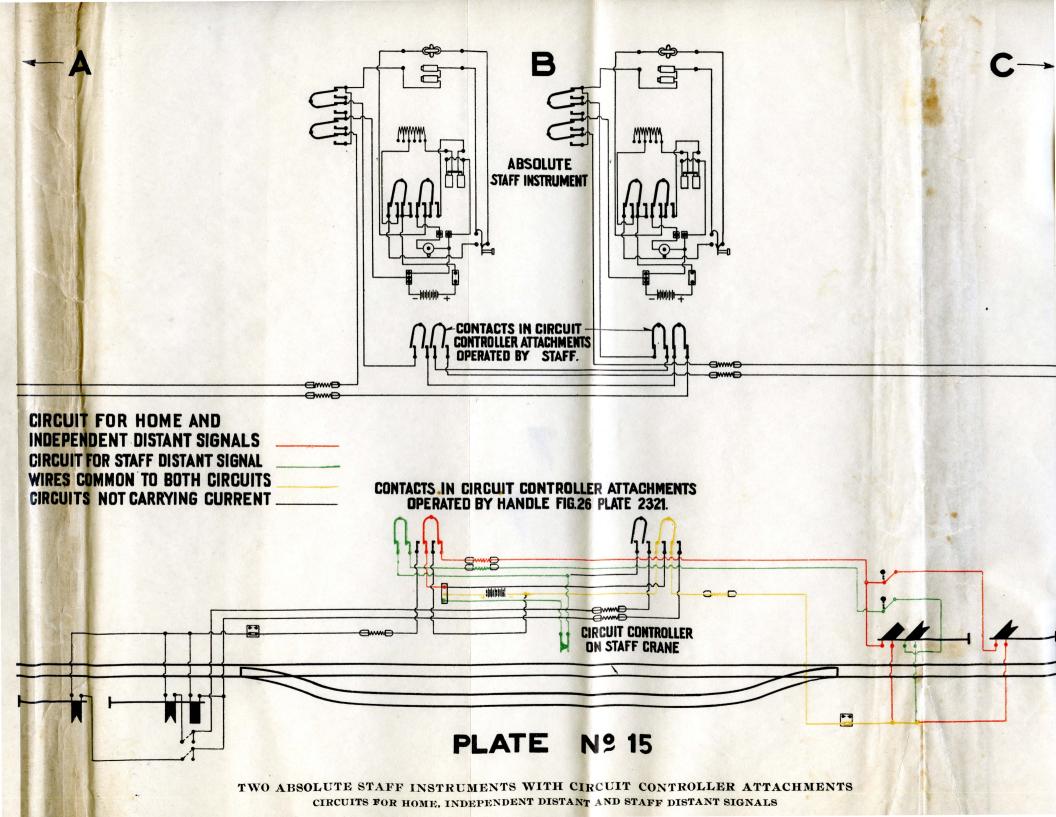


TWO ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENTS WITH CIRCUIT CONTROLLER ATTACHMENTS SIGNAL CONTROL CIRCUITS AT A STAFF STATION

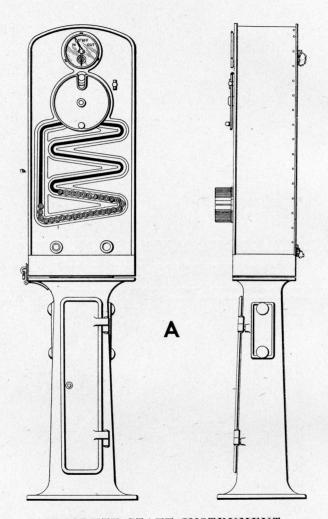




TWO ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENTS WITH CIRCUIT CONTROLLER ATTACHMENTS CIRCUIT FOR HOME AND INDEPENDENT DISTANT SIGNALS



# CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST OF DEVICES USED IN THE ELECTRIC TRAIN STAFF SYSTEM



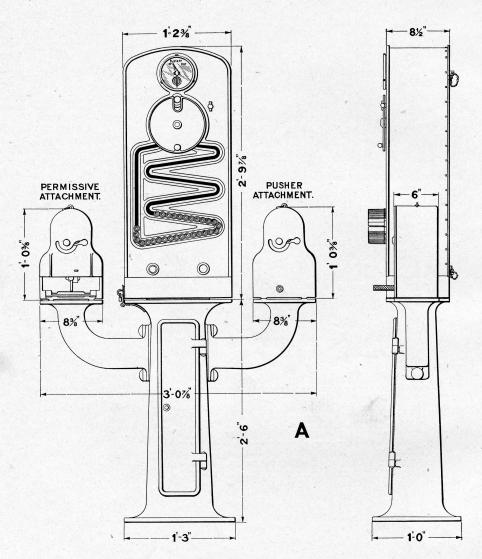
ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT

The staff instruments listed below, complete, do not include staffs which must be ordered separately. For staffs see Plate 2337.

When ordering specify number of staff to be used in the instrument.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

Fig.		Reference	Price	
A	Absolute Staff Instrument, complete, as shown, with pedestal. No staffs included. Specify number of staff (1-A, Plate 2307; 1-A, Plate			
	2311)	1-C-4646	388.00	
Aa	as above, complete, with pedestal, for use in connection with junction or intermediate siding staff instrument. No staffs included. Specify number of staff (1-Ab, Plate 2307; 17B,			
	Plate 2311)	"	414 00	
	Details of the above will be found on the following plates: Absolute Staff Instrument, Plates 2307 and 2309; Pedestals, Plate 2311; Staffs, Plate 2337.	*		



ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT WITH ATTACHMENTS

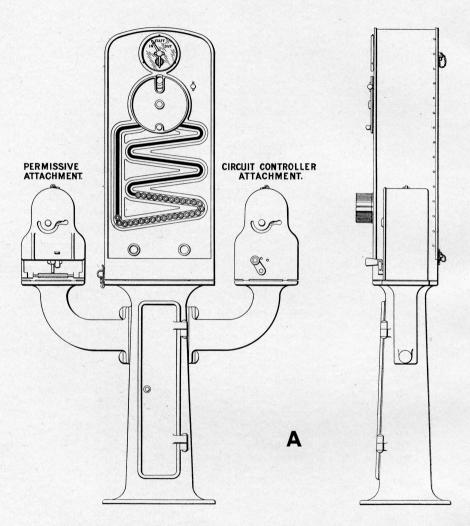
### ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT WITH ATTACHMENTS

The staff instruments listed below, complete, do not include staffs which must be

ordered separately. For staffs see Plate 2337.
When ordering specify numbers of absolute, permissive and pusher staffs to be

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
A A	Absolute Staff Instrument, complete, as shown, with pedestal, permissive attachment and pusher attachment. No staffs included. Specify numbers of absolute, permissive and pusher staffs (I-Ab, Plate 2307; I-B, Plate 2311; I-Aa, Plate 2317; I-Aa, Plate 2319)	1-C-6987	728 00	
Aa	as above, complete, with pedestal and permissive attachment, without pusher attachment. No staffs included. Specify numbers of absolute and permissive staffs (1-A, Plate 2307; 1-A, Plate 2311; 1-Aa, Plate 2317)	"	568 00	e.
Ab	as above, complete, with pedestal and pusher attachment, without permissive attachment. No staffs included. Specify numbers of absolute and pusher staffs (1-Ab, Plate 2307; 1-B, Plate 2311; 1-Aa, Plate 2319)		548 00	
	Details of the combinations listed above will be found on the following plates: Absolute Staff Instrument, Plates 2307 and 2309; Pedestals, Plate 2311; Staffs, Plate 2337; Permissive Attachment, Plate 2317; Pusher Attachment, Plate 2319.		1000	



ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT WITH ATTACHMENTS

### ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT WITH ATTACHMENTS

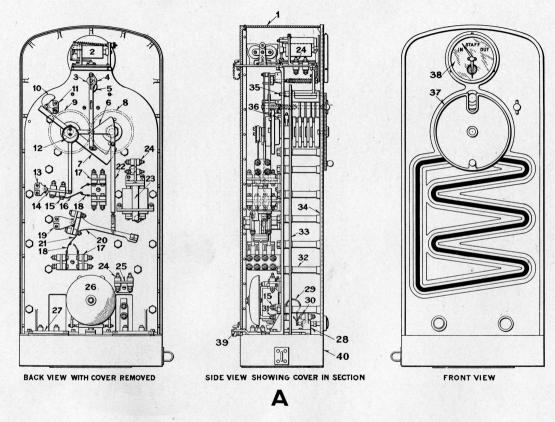
The staff instruments listed below, complete, do not include staffs which must be ordered separately. For staffs see Plate 2337.

When ordering specify numbers of absolute, permissive and pusher staffs to be

used.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
A	Absolute Staff Instrument, complete, as shown, with pedestal, permissive attachment and circuit controller attachment. No staffs included. Specify numbers of absolute and permissive staffs (I-A, Plate 2307; I-Aa, Plate 2311; I-Aa, Plate 2317; I-Aa, Plate 2321)	- 0.6-99	60- 0-	
Ab	as above, complete, with pedestal, pusher attachment and circuit controller attachment. No staffs included. Specify numbers of absolute and pusher staffs (1-Ab, Plate 2307; 1-Ba, Plate	1-C-6988	687 00	
Ac	2311; I-Aa, Plate 2319; I-Aa, Plate 2321) as above, complete, with pedestal and cir- cuit controller attachment, without permissive attachment or pusher attachment. No staffs in-	"	665 00	
	cluded. Specify number of absolute staff (1-A, Plate 2307; 1-Aa, Plate 2311; 1-Aa, Plate 2321). Details of the combinations listed above will be found in the following latest above with the following latest above.	"	507 00	
	found on the following plates: Absolute Staff Instrument, Plates 2307 and 2309; Pedestals, Plate 2311; Staffs, Plate 2337; Permissive Attachment, Plate 2317; Pusher Attachment, Plate 2319; Circuit Controller Attachment, Plate 2321.			



ABSOLUTE STAFF INSTRUMENT

The staff instruments listed below, complete, do not include staffs which must be ordered separately. For staffs see Plate 2337.

When ordering specify number of staff to be used in the instrument.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
A Aa	Absolute Staff Instrument, complete, as shown. No staffs included. Specify number of staff as above, complete, with pedestal. No staffs	D-992	350 00	
	included. Specify number of staff. For pedestal see Plate 2311, Fig. A	C-4646	388 oo	
Ab	as above, complete, with two one-way push button circuit controllers Fig. 28, without pedestal, for use in connection with pusher attachment and junction or intermediate siding staff instrument. No staffs included. Specify number of staff	D-992	357 00	
Ac	as above, complete, with two one-way push button circuit controllers Fig. 28 and pedestal for use in connection with pusher attachment and junction or intermediate siding staff instrument. No staffs included. Specify number of			
I	staff. For pedestal see Plate 2311, Fig. B	C-4646	414 00	
	Back and Cover for staff instrument, complete, with lock wedges, chains and machine screws	I-C-4251	13 00	
2 2a	Indicator, complete, with magnets, terminal posts, dial, pointers, base and machine screws for fastening to supports	1-C-4629	40 00	
ah.	manent magnet, magnet coils, back strap and machine screws	18-B-8133	6 80	
2b	Neutral Magnet for indicator, complete, with magnet coils, back strap and machine screws	19 <b>-</b> B-8133	5 70	-
2C	Coil Spring for releasing armature of magnet Fig. 2b	7-B-8124	12	
3	Indicator Disc Shaft and Collar, complete, with pin, coil spring, machine screws, indicator disc and dowel pins	14-B-8063	90	
4	Locking Bar for disc indicator, operated by lever, Fig. 7	7-C-4764	50	
5	Connecting Bar for disc indicator, operated by lever, Fig. 6	6-C-4764	40	
6	Drum Locking Lever, complete, with studs, washer and cotters	2-C-4763	70	
7	Armature Raising Lever, complete, with stud, washer and cotter	4-C-4763	90	

### Order by Plate and Figure

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
8	Gear for locking drum, complete, with locking pins.	2-C-4253	2 40	
9 10	Gear for receiving drum	1-C-4253	1 90	
II	knob, coil spring, cotter and dowel pin  Bracket for supporting cam Fig. 10, complete, with dowel pins and machine screws for fastening to	3-C-4763	70	
12	supporting plate Eccentric, complete, with sheave, plate, strap and	8-C-4253	50	
13	machine screws for fastening to receiving drum. Bracket for supporting lever Fig. 14, complete, with	11-C-4764	1 00	
13	pin, cotter, dowel pins and machine screws for fastening to supporting plate	3-C-4253	80	
14	Lever for pole changer contact springs, complete, with pin and cotter for eccentric strap, terminal posts and contact springs, (4-15, 2-16, Plate			
	2307)	5-C-4253	3 20	
15	21, and circuit controller Fig. 28, complete, with insulating bushings, plate washers and nuts	38-B-8094	30	r
16	Contact Spring for pole changer	36-B-8385	60	
17	Bracket for pole changer and circuit controller contact springs, complete, with terminal posts, contact springs, dowel pins and machine screw for fastening to supporting plate, (16-15, 8-18, Plate			
	2307)	4-C-4253	9 50	
18	Contact Spring for pole changer and circuit con- troller	37-B-8385	46	
19	Bracket for supporting lever Fig. 20, complete, with pin, dowel pins and machine screws, for fasten-		. 40	
	ing to supporting plate	6-C-4253	80	
20	Armature Lever, complete, with armature, machine screws, stud, washer, cotter, terminal posts and contact springs, (4-15, 2-21, Plate 2307)	T C 4053		
21	Contact Spring for circuit controller	7-C-4253 35-B-8385	4 50 60	
22	Connecting Bar between lever Fig. 20, and lever		00	
23	Fig. 6, complete, with screw eye and lock nut Magnet, complete, with back strap bracket, magnet	5-C-4764	50	
	bracket, four terminal posts Fig. 24, back strap, front strap, third leg, dowel pins and machine screws-for fastening to supporting plate	21-B-8133	10 70	
	o Partie Partie	33		

### Order by Plate and Figure

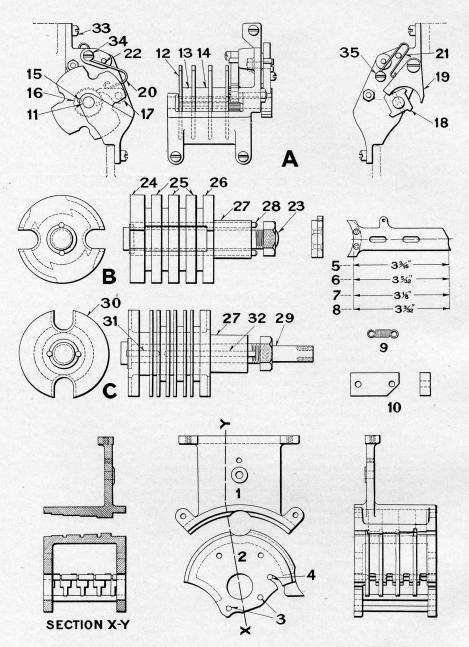
Magnet, complete, with magnet third leg, magnet coils, front strap, back strap and machine screws for holding together	Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
coils, front strap, back strap and machine screws for holding together					
Terminal Post, for back strap bracket of magnet Fig. 23, for indicator Fig. 2, and for bracket Fig. 25, complete, with insulating bushings, plate washers, machine screw and nuts	23a	coils, front strap, back strap and machine screws	21-B-8133	7 90	
Bracket for bell terminals, complete, with two terminal posts Fig. 24, dowel pins and machine screws for fastening to supporting plate	24	Terminal Post, for back strap bracket of magnet Fig. 23, for indicator Fig. 2, and for bracket Fig. 25, complete, with insulating bushings,	D.O.		
Single Stroke Bell, with 5-inch gong, complete, with magnet, brackets and machine screws for fastening to supporting plate	25	Bracket for bell terminals, complete, with two ter-	14-B-8094	34	
magnet, brackets and machine screws for fastening to supporting plate	26	screws for fastening to supporting plate	7-C-4763	90	
strap and cap screws for holding together  26b Coil Spring for releasing armature of magnet Fig. 26a		magnet, brackets and machine screws for fast- ening to supporting plate	1-C-4257	15 60	
26c 5-inch Gong for bell Fig. 26		strap and cap screws for holding together	20-B-8133	9 10	
Terminal Board, complete, with two-way and three-way terminals and machine screws for fastening to base		26a	7-B-8124		
One-Way Push Button Circuit Controller, complete, with terminal posts, contact spring, push button, dowel pins and machine screws for fastening to base		Terminal Board, complete, with two-way and three- way terminals and machine screws for fastening		7	1
Contact Spring for above	28	One-Way Push Button Circuit Controller, complete, with terminal posts, contact spring, push but-	2-C-4765	I 90	
Short Contact Terminal Post for circuit controller Fig. 28, complete, with insulating bushings, plate washers and nuts		ing to base		7 00	-
plate washers and nuts		Short Contact Terminal Post for circuit controller	257-B-8385	I 00	**
washers and nuts 232-B-8094 I 92  32 Sleeve and Tap Bolt, 3%"x4", for fastening guide plates to supporting plate 5-B-8131 I2  33 Outside Rear Guide Plate I-C-4762 I8 40  34 Outside Front Guide Plate, complete, with glass, ring and machine screws, for staff instrument Fig. A 1-C-4761 23 70	31	plate washers and nuts	233-B-8094	ı 88	
plates to supporting plate	32	washers and nuts	232-B-8094	I 92	
33 Outside Rear Guide Plate		plates to supporting plate	5-B-8131	12	
33a Inside Rear Guide Plate	33	Outside Rear Guide Plate		18 40	
Outside Front Guide Plate, complete, with glass, ring and machine screws, for staff instrument Fig. A		Inside Rear Guide Plate	3-C-4761	12 30	
		Outside Front Guide Plate, complete, with glass, ring and machine screws, for staff instrument			
as above, for staff instrument Fig. Ab 5-C-4761 23 70					
	34a	as above, for staff instrument Fig. Ab	5-C-4761	23 70	

### Order by Plate and Figure

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
34b 35	Inside Front Guide Plate	2-C-4761	15 00	
36	guide plates and staff guides Figs. I and 2, Plate 2309, to supporting plate	47-B-8098	10	
	ing to supporting plate	6-C-4763	50	
36a	Coil Spring for above, complete, with machine screw for fastening to supporting plate	50-B-7770	16	
37	Shield Plate, complete, with knob, spring washer, escutcheon pins and stud with nut and cotter for fastening to inside front guide plate Fig.			
38	34b	9-C-4253	3 60	
39	plates Figs. 34 and 34a	25-C <b>-</b> 3561	50	
0,5	to base	2-C-4251	40	
40	Base with stable	6-C-4251	10 30	
41	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, 1/4"x5/8", for brackets Figs.			
42	17 and 25. Price per hundred		4 00	
42	36a. Price per hundred		2 00	
43	36a. Price per hundred			
	per hundred		2 00	
44	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x5%", for fastening bell Fig. 26, magnet Fig. 23, and brackets Figs 13			
	and 19 to supporting plate. Price per hundred		2 00	
45	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x½", for eccentric Fig. 12, and for fastening indicator Fig. 2 to			
	support, terminal board Fig. 27 to base and			
	bracket Fig. 11 to supporting plate. Price per			
46	hundredFil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x3/8", for armature		2 00	
40	of neutral magnet of Fig. 2, for gong support			
	of bell mechanism Fig. 26, and for holding ter-			
	minals of Fig. 27. Price per hundred		2 00	
47	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x½", for fastening chain of lock wedge to back Fig. 1, and for			
	terminals of Fig. 27. Price per hundred		2 00	

### Order by Plate and Figure

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.			12.00	
48	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 8-32x3/8", for fastening magnet brackets of indicator Fig. 2 to base. Price per hundred		2 00	
49	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 8-32x½", for fastening bearings of indicator shafts to base. Price per		2 00	
50	hundred		2 00	
51	Price per hundred		2 00	
52	dial, coil spring to indicator disc shaft Fig. 3 and for terminal Fig. 24. Price per hundred Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 4-40x3/16", for retaining		2 00	
53	ring for glass Fig. 38. Price per hundred Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 4-40x½", for neutral	•	2 00	
	magnet crank of indicator Fig. 2. Price per hundred		2 00	
54	back strap of magnet Fig. 23 to bracket. Price per hundred		2 00	
55	Rd. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x¾", for front strap of Fig. 23. Price per hundred		2 00	
56	back straps of magnets Figs. 2 and 23 to cores and third leg. Price per hundred		2 00	
57	Rd. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x7/16", for fastening back strap of neutral magnet of indicator			
58	Fig. 2 to support. Price per hundred Fl. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x½", for hasp Fig.		2 00	
59	39. Price per hundred	,	2 00	
60	Fig. 2 to support. Price per hundred		2 00	
61	armature to lever Fig. 20. Price per hundred Fl. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 8-32x7/16", for fastening		2 00	
	dial of indicator Fig. 2 to indicator base. Price per hundred	100	2 00	



STAFF GUIDES, LOCKING DRUM AND DETAILS FOR ABSOLUTE AND JUNCTION STAFF INSTRUMENTS

# STAFF GUIDES, LOCKING DRUM AND DETAILS FOR ABSOLUTE AND JUNCTION STAFF INSTRUMENTS

When ordering staff guides Figs. I and 2 specify number of staff used in the instrument. For staffs see Plate 2337.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	4
Α	Bracket for guard discs, complete, as shown, with shaft, guard discs, separators, ratchets, pawls,			
	springs and machine screws for fastening to guide plates Figs. 33 and 34, Plate 2307	D-992	7 10	
В	Locking Drum, complete, as shown, with shaft,	"		
C	plates, bushings, pins and nut		14 50	1
C	Receiving Drum, complete, as shown, with shaft, bushing, pins and nut	11-C-4762	12 00	
I	Top Staff Guide. Specify number of staff	I-C-4764	9 60	
2	Bottom Staff Guide. Specify number of staff	5-C-4762	6 80	
2a	as above, complete, with pins, locking dogs			
	and drivers, springs and fillers. Specify number of staff, (1-2, 2-3, 1-4, 1-5, 1-6, 1-7, 1-8, 4-9,			
	3-10, 1-10a, Plate 2309)	"	16 60	
3	Pin for supporting locking dogs Figs. 5, 6, 7 and 8	17-B-8097	04	
4	Pin for supporting coil springs Fig. 9	16-B-8097	08	
5	Locking Dog and Driver "a", complete, with rivets	4-C-4762	1 90	
6	Locking Dog and Driver "b", complete, with rivets	4-C-4762	I 90	
7	Locking Dog and Driver "c", complete, with rivets	4-C-4762	I 90	
8	Locking Dog and Driver "d", complete, with rivets	4-C-4762	I 90	
9	Coil Spring for locking dogs Figs. 5, 6, 7 and 8	59-B-7770	IO	1.0

# STAFF GUIDES, LOCKING DRUM AND DETAILS FOR ABSOLUTE AND JUNCTION STAFF INSTRUMENTS

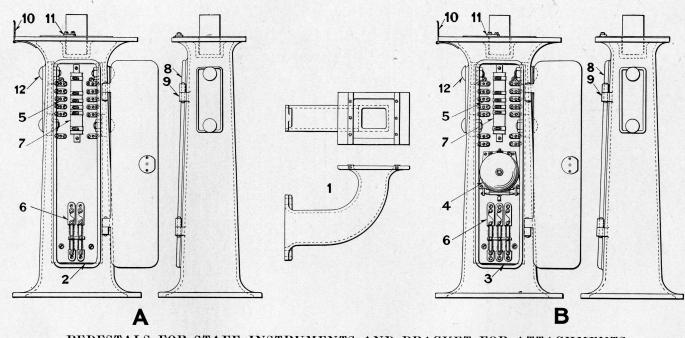
### Order by Plate and Figure

1	Drawing Reference	List Price	
Intermediate Filler for locking dogs Figs. 5, 6, 7	3-C-1762	3.1	
End Filler for locking dogs Figs 5 6 7 and 8			
	21-B-8350	22	
	22-B-8350	40	
et Fig. 16, and separators Figs. 13 and 14	34-B-8097	02	1
Forward Ratchet for shaft Fig. 11	4-C-5028	40	
Forward Pawl for ratchet Fig. 16, complete, with			
Fig. A			
	5-C-5028	60	
pivot screw and nut for fastening to bracket			
Spring for forward paul Fig. 77 sevelete with	7-C-5028	20	
	25-B 8725	08	
	25-11-0/35	08	
machine screw for fastening to bracket Fig. A.	24-B-8735	08	
	and 8 End Filler for locking dogs Figs. 5, 6, 7 and 8 Shaft for bracket Fig. A. Guard Disc for bracket Fig. A. Narrow Separator for shaft Fig. II. Wide Separator, with dowel pin, for shaft Fig. II. Pin for fastening together guard discs Fig. I2, ratchet Fig. 16, and separators Figs. I3 and I4. Forward Ratchet for shaft Fig. II. Forward Pawl for ratchet Fig. 16, complete, with pivot screw and nut for fastening to bracket Fig. A  Reverse Ratchet, with dowel pin, for shaft Fig. II. Reverse Pawl for ratchet Fig. 18, complete, with pivot screw and nut for fastening to bracket Fig. A  Spring for forward pawl Fig. 17, complete, with machine screw for fastening to bracket Fig. A. Spring for reverse pawl Fig. 19, complete, with	Intermediate Filler for locking dogs Figs. 5, 6, 7 and 8	Intermediate Filler for locking dogs Figs. 5, 6, 7 and 8

# STAFF GUIDES, LOCKING DRUM AND DETAILS FOR ABSOLUTE AND JUNCTION STAFF INSTRUMENTS

#### Order by Plate and Figure

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
22	Pin for springs Figs. 20 and 21	37-B-8097	02	
23	Shaft for locking drum, complete, with nut	3-B-8277	1 8o	
24	Front Plate for locking drum	8-C-4764	1 8o	
25	Intermediate Plate for locking drum	9-C-4762	2 00	
26	Back Plate for locking drum	13-C-4762	2 00	
27	Bushing for shafts Figs. 23 and 29	26-B-8072	80	
28	Pin for fastening together parts of locking drum	21-B-8097	06	
29	Shaft for receiving drum, complete, with nut	5-B-8277	2 30	
30	Receiving Drum	11-C-4762	8 00	1
31	Pin for fastening receiving drum Fig. 30 to shaft Fig. 29	38-B-8097	02	
32	Pin for fastening bushing Fig. 27 to receiving drum Fig. 30	22-B-8097	06	
33	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x½", for fastening bracket Fig. A to guide plates Figs. 33 and 34.			
34	Plate 2307. Price per hundred		2 00	
34	spring Fig. 20 to bracket Fig. A. Price per			
35	hundred		2 00	
	hundred		2 00	



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PEDESTALS FOR STAFF INSTRUMENTS AND BRACKET FOR ATTACHMENTS

# PEDESTALS FOR STAFF INSTRUMENTS AND BRACKET FOR ATTACHMENTS

#### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
A	Pedestal for absolute staff instrument, complete, as shown, with two lightning arresters and adjust-			
Aa	able resistance tube	I-C-7237	38 00	
В	justable resistance tube	3-C-7237	45 00	
	lightning arresters and adjustable resistance tube	2-C-7237	57 00	
Ba	Pedestal for junction staff instrument, complete, with single stroke bell, six lightning arresters	2 € 7237	37 00	-
I	and adjustable resistance tube	4-C-7237	62 00	
2	instrument	6-C-5831	4 00	
2a	pedestal, (12-5, 2-6, 1-7, Plate 2311)	11-C-4765	12 60	
3	above, (12-5, 6-6, 1-7, Plate 2311)		19 10	
3a	Plate 2311)	"	31 70	
Ju	above, (1-4, 14-5, 6-6, 1-7, Plate 2311)	"	36 20	1

# PEDESTALS FOR STAFF INSTRUMENTS AND BRACKET FOR ATTACHMENTS

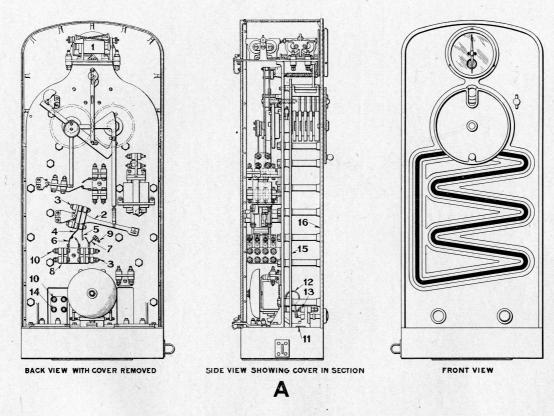
#### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.	-	Drawing Reference	List Price	
4	Single Stroke Bell with 4½-inch gong, complete, with bras's plate, magnet, brackets, armature, wood and machine screws for fastening to sup-	17.064		
4a	porting plate	10-C-4257	16 80	
4b	cap screws for holding together	20-B-8133	9 10	
40	4a	7-B-8124	12	
4c	4½-inch Gong for bell Fig. 4		I 40	
5	Terminal, Two-Way, complete, with machine screws, washers and wood screw for fastening to ter-			
	minal board	5-B-8064	16	1
6	Lightning Arrester, One-Way Argus, complete, with wood screws for fastening to terminal board		1 50	
7	Adjustable Resistance Tube, complete, with wood screws for fastening to terminal board.	13 B-9065	5 60	
8	Door for pedestal, complete, with lock and hinge			
•	pins for fastening to stud hinges Fig. 9	4-B-5953	2 60	
9	Stud Hinge for fastening door to pedestal	1-C-4213	40	
10	estals, complete, with rivets		10	
II	Stop for base of staff instrument, complete, with		10	
12	machine screws for fastening to pedestal  Special Bolt, 3/4"x2\frac{1}{4}", with nut and wood filler	3-C-4765	30	
12a	block for opening in side of pedestal as above, without wood filler block for fast-	8-C-4765	24	
12a	ening bracket Fig. 1 to pedestal	12-B-8132	06	

# PEDESTALS FOR STAFF INSTRUMENTS AND BRACKET FOR ATTACHMENTS

### Order by Plate and Figure

This		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.	El III Most Come I/"-2/" for stop Fig. II			100000000000000000000000000000000000000
13	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, 1/4"x3/4", for stop Fig. 11.			
	Price per hundred		2 00	
14	Fig. 5. Price per hundred		2.00	
15	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x7/16", for arma-		2 00	
15	ture of bell mechanism Fig. 4. Price per hun-			
	dred		2 00	
16	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x3/8", for fastening		2 00	
	bell mechanism Fig. 4 to brass plate of terminal			
	board and gong support to brackets. Price per			
	hundred		2 00	
17	Fl. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 8-32x5/8", for lock of door		2 00	
	Fig. 8. Price per hundred		2 00	
18	Rd. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 12-32x11/4", for fastening		2 00	1
	terminal board to pedestal. Price per hundred		2 00	
19	Rd. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 6-32x5/8", with three nuts		2 00	
	for adjustable resistance tube Fig. 7. Price per			
	hundred		8 00	
20	Fl. Hd. Wood Screw, No. 8x1", for fastening brass			
	plate for bell mechanism to terminal boards Figs.			
	3 and 3a. Price per hundred		2 00	
21	Fl. Hd. Wood Screw, No. 7x15/8", for Argus Light-			
	ning Arrester Fig. 6. Price per hundred		2 00	
22	Fl. Hd. Wood Screw, No. 6x3/4", for fastening ter-			
	minals Fig. 5 to board. Price per hundred		1 00	
23	Rd. Hd. Wood Screw, ¼"x1", for fastening adjust-			
	able resistance tube to board. Price per hun-			
	dred	l	I 00	



JUNCTION STAFF INSTRUMENT

### JUNCTION STAFF INSTRUMENT

The staff instrument listed below, complete, does not include staffs which must be ordered separately. For staffs see Plate 2337.

When ordering specify number of staff to be used in the instrument.

#### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
A	Junction Staff Instrument, complete, as shown. No staffs included. Specify number of staff	1-C-6995	392 00	
Aa	as above, complete, with pedestal. No staffs included. Specify number of staff. For pedestal see Plate 2311, Fig. Ba	· ·	454 <b>o</b> o	
Ι	Indicator, complete, with magnets, terminal posts, dial, pointers, base and machine screws for fastening to supports	T C FOOT		
іа	Magnet for indicator, complete, with magnet coils, back strap and machine screws for holding to-	1-C-5925	34 00	
тЬ	getherCoil Spring for releasing armature of magnet Fig.	19-B-8133	5 70	
2	Armature Lever, complete, with armature, machine screws, stud, washer and cotter; terminal posts	7-B-8124	12	
3	and contact springs, (4-3, 2-4, 2-5, Plate 2313) Terminal Post for contact springs Figs. 4, 5, 6 and	1-C-599 <b>2</b>	5 90	
	7, complete, with insulating bushings, plate washers and nuts	183-B-8094	36	

# JUNCTION STAFF INSTRUMENT

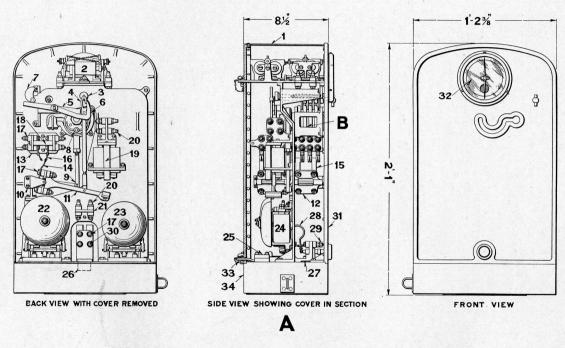
### Order by Plate and Figure

T11		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
4	Contact Spring with four contact tips for lever			
	Fig. 2	199-B-8385	66	
5	Contact Spring with two contact tips for lever			
	Fig. 2	201-B-8385	54	
6	Contact Spring for bracket Fig. 8	37-B-8385	46	
7	Contact Spring with terminal post Fig. 9, for bracket			
	Fig. 8	200-B-8385	70	
8	Bracket for contact springs, complete, with terminal	200 2 0303	10	
	posts, contact springs, dowel pins and machine			
	screw for fastening to supporting plate, (8-3,			
		- 0		
	8-10, 8-6, 4-7, Plate 2313)	1-C-5992	13 30	
9	Terminal Post for contact spring Fig. 7, complete,			
	with nuts and plate washer	188-B-8094	18	
10	Terminal Post for contact springs Fig. 6 and circuit			
	controller Fig. 11, complete, with insulating			
	bushings, plate washers and nuts	38-B-8094	30	1

# JUNCTION STAFF INSTRUMENT

### Order by Plate and Figure

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
II	Two-Way Push Button Circuit Controller, complete, with terminal posts, contact springs, dowel			
	pins and machine screws for fastening to base	1-B-9129	15 60	
12	Contact Spring, for above	257-B-8385	I IO	
13	Short Contact Terminal Post, for circuit controller Fig. 11, complete, with insulating bushings,			
	plate washers and nuts	233-B-8094	ı 88	
· 14	Long Contact Terminal Post, for circuit controller Fig. 11, complete, with insulating bushings,	00		
		D.O		
	plate washers and nuts	232-B-8094	I 92	
15 16	Outside Rear Guide PlateOutside Front Guide Plate, with glass, ring and	1-C-4762	18 40	
	machine screws	4-C-4761	23 70	
	Except for the details listed above, the junction staff instrument is identical with the absolute staff instrument, for details of which see Plates 2307 and 2309.			-
	1. 그는 사람들은 사람들이 살아가 있다. 그는			



INTERMEDIATE SIDING STAFF INSTRUMENT

The staff instrument listed below, complete, does not include staffs which must be ordered separately. For staffs see Plate 2337.

When ordering specify number of staff to be used in the instrument.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
A	Intermediate Siding Staff Instrument, complete, as shown. No staffs included. Specify number of			
Aa	as above, complete, with pedestal. No staffs included. Specify number of staff. For pedes-	D-1110	304 00	
В	tal see Plate 2311 Fig. Aa		349 00	
I D	ber of staff. See Plate 2327 Fig. Ba Back and Cover for staff instrument, complete, with	1-B-9901	45 30	
2	lock wedges, chains and machine screws Indicator, complete, with magnets, terminal posts,	I-C-5929	9 60	
-	dial, pointers, base and machine screws for fast- ening to supports	1 <b>-</b> C-5925	34 00	
2a	Magnet for indicator, complete, with magnet coils, back straps and machine screws for holding to-	1-6-3923	34 00	
2b	gether	19-B-8133	5 70	
3	2a	7-B-8124	12	
	coil spring, machine screw, indicator disc and dowel pins	14-B-8063	1 00	
4	Connecting Bar for disc indicator, complete, with	0		
	screw eye	4-C-5924	2 40	
5	Drum Locking Lever, complete, with stud Drum Locking and Armature Raising Lever	3-C-5924 8-C-5924	1 30 2 60	
7	Cam for operating lever Fig. 6, complete, with shaft,	0-0-3924	2 00	
	knob, coil spring and dowel pin	3-C-4763	70	
8	Eccentric, complete, with sheave, plate, studs and		-	
	strap	10-C-5924	9 10	
9	Eccentric Rod and Lock Nut	5-C-5924	60	
10	Bracket for supporting levers Figs. 11 and 12, complete, with pin, cotter, dowel pins and machine screw for fastening to supporting plate and front			
	plate	. 2-C-5924	4 00	

### Order by Plate and Figure

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
II	Armature Lever, complete, with armature, machine screws, stud and cotters; terminal posts and circuit controller contact springs, (8-17, 4-14, Plate 2315)	1-C-5924	7 10	
12	Lever for pole changer contact springs, complete, with stud and cotter for eccentric rod Fig. 9; terminal posts and contact springs, (4-17, 2-15,	60 7001		
13	Plate 2315) Bracket for pole changer and circuit controller contact springs, complete, with terminal posts, contact springs, machine screw and sleeve; dowel pins and machine screws for fastening to front	6-C-5924	5 60	
	plate, (32-17, 16-16, 1-18, Plate 2315)	9-C-5924	22 20	
14.	Contact Spring for lever Fig. 11	189-B-8385	14	
15	Contact Spring for lever Fig. 12	35-B-8385	60	
16	Contact Spring for bracket Fig. 13	37-B-8385	46	
17	Terminal Post for levers Figs. 11 and 12, bracket			
	Fig. 13 and circuit controller Fig. 27, complete,	0.70.0		
	with insulating bushings, plate washers and nuts.	38-B-8094	30	
18	Sleeve and Machine Screw for bracket Fig. 13	57-B-8350	22	
19	Magnet, complete, with back strap bracket, magnet bracket, four terminal posts Fig. 20, back strap, front strap, third leg, dowel pin and machine			
	screws for fastening to supporting plate	21-B-8133	10 70	
19a	Magnet, complete, with third leg, magnet coils, front coils, front strap, back strap and machine			
20	screws for holding together  Terminal Post for back strap bracket of magnet	"	7 90	
	Fig. 19, for indicator Fig. 2, and for bracket Fig. 21, complete, with insulating bushings,	D 8		
	plate washers and nuts	14-B-8094	30	

### Order by Plate and Figure

Dia		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
21	Bracket for bell terminals, complete, with two terminal posts Fig. 20, dowel pins and machine			
•	screw for fastening to supporting plate	7-C-4763	1 00	
22	Single Stroke Bell with 5-inch gong, complete, with magnet, brackets and machine screws for fasten-	, - 11 5		
	ing to supporting plate	I-C-4257	15 60	
22a	5-inch Gong for above		I 40	
23	Single Stroke Bell with 4½-inch gong, complete, with magnet, brackets and machine screws for			
	fastening to supporting plate	10-C-4257	15 60	
23a	4½-inch Gong for above		I 40	,
24	Magnet for bells Figs. 22 and 23, complete, with mag-			
	net coils, back strap and cap screws for holding			
	together	20-B-8133	9 10	
24a	Coil Spring for releasing armature of magnet Fig.	00		
	24	7-B-8124	12	1
25	Terminal Board, complete, with two-way and three- way terminals and machine screws for fastening			
	to base	2-C-4765	1 90	
26	Insulating Bushing for wire opening in base	47-B-8095	28	
27	Two-Way Push Button Circuit Controller, complete, with terminal posts, contact springs, dowel			
	pins and machine screws for fastening to base	1-B-9129	15 60	
28	Contact Spring, for above	257-B-8385	I IO	
29	Short Contact Terminal Post for circuit controller			
	Fig. 27, complete, with insulating bushings, plate			
	washers and nuts	233-B-8094	ı 88	
30	Long Contact Terminal Post for circuit controller			
	Fig. 27, complete, with insulating bushings, plate			
	washers and nuts	232-B-8094	I 92	
31	Front Plate, complete, with glass, ring and ma-			
	chine screws	1-C-5923	12 40	

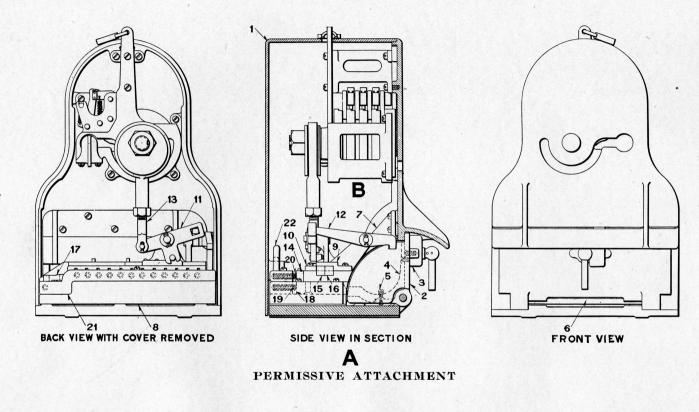
#### Order by Plate and Figure

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
32 33	Glass for indicator opening in front plate	25-C-3561	50	
00	to base	2-C-4251	40	
34 35	Base with staple	6-C-4251	10 30	
36	Price per hundred		2 00	
	Price per hundred		2 00	
37	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x3/4", for bracket of push button circuit controller Fig. 27. Price			
38	per hundred		2 00	
30	brackets of Fig. 19 to supporting plate. Price			
39	per hundred		2 00	,
	ing supporting plate to front plate. Price per hundred		2 00	
40	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x½", for fastening bracket Fig. 10 to front plate, terminal board			
	Fig. 25 to base and for base plate of indicator			
41	Fig. 2. Price per hundred		2 00	
	ing bracket Fig. 10 and the brackets in Figs. 22			
	and 23 to supporting plate. Price per hundred		2 00	
42	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x3/8", for gong sup-			
	port of bell mechanisms Figs. 22 and 23 and for armatures of indicator Fig. 2. Price per hun-			
43	dred Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x½", for terminals		2 00	
	Fig. 25 and for fastening chain of lock wedge			
	to back Fig. 1. Price per hundred		2 00	

### INTERMEDIATE SIDING STAFF INSTRUMENT

### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
44 45	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 8-32x½", for armature of Fig. 11. Price per hundred		2 00	
46	magnet brackets and dial plate of indicator Fig. 2 to base. Price per hundred		2 00	
47	bearing of shaft of indicator Fig 2 to bace.  Price per hundred		2 00	
48	spring of Fig. 3 to indicator base plate. Price per hundred		2 00	
40	bearing of indicator Fig. 2 to dial plate, coil spring to indicator disc shaft Fig. 3 and for terminals Fig. 20. Price per hundred		2 00	
49	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 4-40x3/16", for retaining ring for glass Fig. 32. Price per hundred		2 CO	
50	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 4-40x3/8", for fastening arms to shafts of indicator Fig. 2. Price per			
51	hundred		2 CO	
52	per hundred		2 00	
53 .	straps of Fig. 19. Price per hundred		2 00	
54	2. Price per hundred		2 00	



### PERMISSIVE ATTACHMENT

Permissive attachment listed below, complete, does not include staffs which must be ordered separately. For staffs see Plate 2337.

When ordering specify numbers of absolute and permissive staffs.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
A Aa	Permissive Attachment, complete, as shown, with cover and padlock. No staffs included. Specify numbers of absolute and permissive staffs as above, complete, with bracket Fig. I, Plate 2311, for fastening to pedestal of staff in	1-C-5831	176 00	-
В	strument and machine screws for fastening to bracket. No staffs included. Specify numbers of absolute and permissive staffs		180 00	
	ify number of absolute staff. See Plate 2327 Fig. A	1-B-9901	48 00	
I 2	Cover Drawer only	1-C-5833 2-C-5833	4 50 9 30	
2a	as above, complete, with lock, cradle and guard bar. Specify number of permissive staff,	3-33	7.3	
	(1-2, 1-3, 1-4, 1-5, Plate 2317)	"	33 50	
3	Drawer Lock, complete, with machine screws for fastening to drawer Fig. 2	2-C-5831	5 80	
4	Cradle, with machine screws for fastening to drawer Fig. 2. Specify number of permissive staff	3-C-5833	11 50	~
4a	as above, complete, with guard bar. Specify number of permissive staff, (1-4, 1-5, Plate 2317)	"	14 10	
5	Guard Bar for permissive staff, with machine screws for fastening to cradle Fig. 4. Specify number		14 10	
	of permissive staff	5-C-5833	1 90	

### PERMISSIVE ATTACHMENT

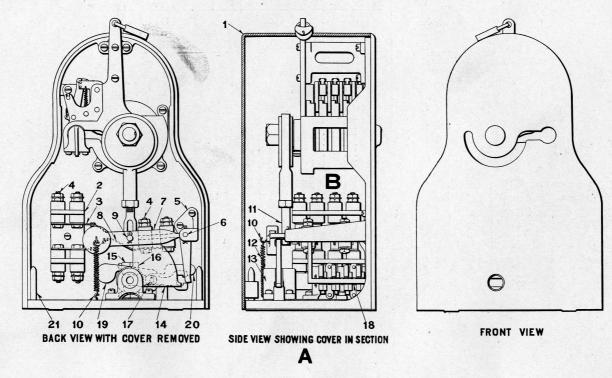
### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
6	Hinge Pin, 5/16"x83%", for fastening drawer Fig. 2 to case	6-B-8184	06	
6a	Set Screw, No. 8-32x1/4", for holding pin Fig. 6 in case. Price per hundred		2 00	
7	Shield for permissive staff, with machine screws for		2 00	
8	fastening to case	1-B-8129	90	
9	screws for fastening to case	1-C-5834	10 10	
	levers Figs. 11 and 12 and machine screws for fastening to bed plate Fig. 8	2-C-5834	1 90	
10	Cover Bar, with dowel pins and machine screws for			1
	fastening to bed plate Fig. 8	7-C-5834	40	
11	Eccentric Lever	6-C-5834	I 20	
12	Lock Lever	5-C-5834	70	
13 14	Eccentric Rod, with lock nut, pin and cotter  Lock Bar, with stop pin, operated by permissive	9-C-5834	80	
	staff. Specify letter on lock bar to be replaced.	10-C-5834	1 00	
15	Lock Bar, operated by eccentric, complete, with lug,			
16	driving stud and rivets	13-C-5834	2 10	
10	Lock Bar, operated by drawer Fig. 2, complete, with driving stud	TO C =00.1		
		12-C-5834	I 40	
17 18	Crank for operating lock bar Fig. 16	3-C-5834	70	
	and stop pin	8-C-5834	30	

### PERMISSIVE ATTACHMENT

### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
19	Spring for dog Fig. 18	74-B-7770	12	
20	Spring for lock bar Fig. 14	75-B-7770	12	
21	Socket for springs Figs. 19 and 20, with machine	13 2 1110		
	screw for fastening to bed plate Fig. 8	4-C-5834	80	
22	Stud for holding cover in place	16-B-8114	04	
23	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x13/8", for fastening			* -
	bed plate Fig. 8 to case. Price per hundred		4 00	
24	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x %", for fastening			
	socket Fig. 21 to bed plate. Price per hundred		2 00	
25	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x13/16", for fasten-			
	ing bed plate Fig. 8 to case. Price per hundred.		2 00	
26	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x1/2", for fasten-			
	ing cover plate Fig. 9 and cover bar Fig. 10 to			
	bed plate. Price per hundred	and the second second	2 00	
27	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x7/16", for fasten-			
	ing shield Fig. 7 to case. Price per hundred		2 00	
28	Fl. Hd. Mach. Screw, 1/4"x%", for fastening permis-			
	sive attachment to bracket Fig. 1 Plate 2311.			
	Price per hundred		2 00	
29	Fl. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x7/16", for fastening			
ties of the	lock Fig. 3 to drawer. Price per hundred		2 00	74
30	Fl. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x5/16", for fastening			
	cradle Fig. 4 to drawer. Price per hundred	and the second	2 00	
31	Fl. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 8-32x1/4", for fastening			
	guard bar Fig. 5 to cradle. Price per hundred.		2 00	
	guard bar 11g. 5 to cradic. Trice per hundred		2 00	



PUSHER ATTACHMENT

### PUSHER ATTACHMENT

Pusher Attachment listed below, complete, does not include staffs which must be ordered separately. For staffs see Plate 2337.

When ordering specify numbers of absolute and pusher staffs.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
A	Pusher Attachment, complete, as shown, with cover and padlock. No staffs included. When order- ing specify numbers of absolute and pusher			
Aa	staffs	1-C-5790	130 00	
	strument and machine screws for fastening to bracket. No staffs included. Specify numbers	,;** 		t
В	of absolute and pusher staffs	1.4 St.1	134 00	
	number of absolute staff. See Plate 2327 Fig. A.	1-B-9901	48 co	
I	Cover	2-C-5788	3 60	-
2	Bracket for contact springs, complete, with contact springs, terminal posts, dowel pins and machine screw for fastening to case, (8-3, 16-4, Plate			
	2319)	4-C-4253	9 50	
3	Contact Spring for bracket Fig. 2	37-B-8385	46	
4	Terminal Post for contact springs Figs. 3 and 8, complete, with insulating bushings, plate wash-			8
	ers and nuts	38-B-8094	30	
5	Bracket for contact lever Fig. 7, complete, with pin and cotter Fig. 6 and machine screws for fast-			
	ening to case	4-C-5790	60	

### PUSHER ATTACHMENT

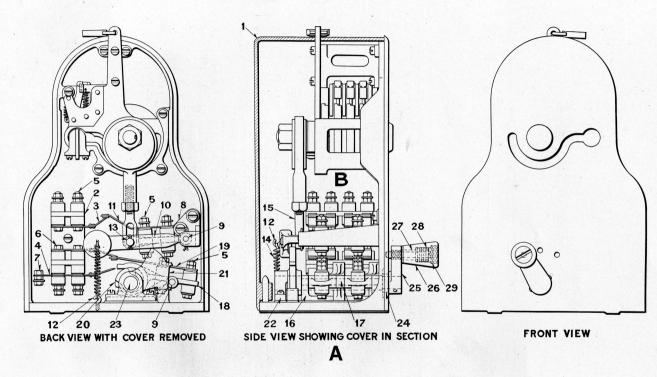
### Order by Plate and Figure

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Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
6	Pin, with cotter, for fastening lever Fig. 7 to bracket Fig. 5	51-B-8063	04	
7	Lever for contact springs, complete, with contact springs, terminal posts, hook, pin and cotters,			
	(2-8, 4-4, 1-10, 1-9, Plate 2319)	3-C-5790	7 10	
8 - 9	Contact Spring for lever Fig. 7	36-B-8385	60	
	centric rod Fig. 11	52-B-8063	06	
10	Hook for fastening spring Fig. 12 to case and lever			
	Fig. 7	8-C-5788	30	
II	Eccentric Rod and Lock Nut	4-C-5788	90	
12	Spring for releasing lever Fig. 7	86-B-7770	20	
13	Bearing for locking dog Fig. 14 with machine			
	screws for fastening to case	13-C-5791	60	
14	Locking Dog	3-C-5788	I 00	
15	Socket, R. H. Half, for pusher staff. Specify num-	3 0,		
-3	ber of pusher staff	2-C-5791	6 80	
15a	Socket for pusher staff, complete, with machine	- 577		
1300	screws for holding together and for fastening to			
	case. Specify number of pusher staff. (1-15,			
	1-16, Plate 2319)	"	14 00	
16	Socket, L. H. Half, for pusher staff. Specify num-		14 00	
10	ber of pusher staff	1-C-5791	6 80	
	bet of pusher staff	1-0-5/91	0 00	

### PUSHER ATTACHMENT

### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
17	Pin, with cotters, for fastening locking levers to			
	socket Fig. 16	72-B-8097	04	
18	Separator for pin Fig. 17	20-B-8350	02	
19	Long Locking Lever. Specify letter on locking lever	00		
	to be replaced	9-C-5791	1 50	
20	Short Locking Lever. Specify letter on locking lever			
	to be replaced	14-C-5791	1 50	
21	Stud for holding cover in place	13-B-8114	02	
22	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, ¼"x%", for fastening pusher			
	attachment to bracket Fig. 1 Plate 2311. Price			
	per hundred		4 00	
23	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, 1/4"x7/16", for fastening			
21	bracket Fig. 2 to case. Price per hundred Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x13/16", for holding		2 00	
24	together socket Fig. 15a. Price per hundred	10.	2 00	
25	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x9/16", for fasten-	1 10	2 00	
-3	ing socket Fig. 15a and bearings Fig. 13 to case.	H. C. 1984		
	Price per hundred		2 00	
26	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x7/16", for fasten-	the suitable of	_ 00	
-0	ing bracket Fig. 5 to case. Price per hundred.		2 00	



CIRCUIT CONTROLLER ATTACHMENT

### CIRCUIT CONTROLLER ATTACHMENT

Circuit Controller Attachment listed below, complete, does not include staffs which must be ordered separately. For staffs see Plate 2337.

When ordering specify number of staff to be used in the staff lock.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.		Reference		
A	Circuit Controller Attachment, complete, as shown, with cover and padlock. No staffs included. When ordering specify number of staff to be			
Aa	used in staff lock	1-C-6012	108 00	
	ment and machine screws for fastening to bracket. No staffs included. Specify number of staff to be used in staff lock	"	II2 <b>0</b> 0	
В	Locking Drum and Frame, complete, with eccentric and machine screws for fastening to case. See			
	Plate 2327 Fig. A	1-B-9901	48 00	
I	Cover	2-C-5788	3 60	
2	Bracket for contact springs, complete, with contact springs, terminal posts, dowel pins and machine screws for fastening case, (8-3, 2-4, 12-5, 4-6,			
	Plate 2221)	4-C-4253	11 00	
3	Plate 2321) Contact Spring for bracket Fig. 2	37-B-8385	46	
4 5	Contact Spring, with terminal post Fig. 7  Terminal Post for contact springs Figs. 3, 11 and	522-B-8385	56	
	19, complete, with insulating bushings, plate washers and nuts	38-B-8094	30	

### CIRCUIT CONTROLLER ATTACHMENT

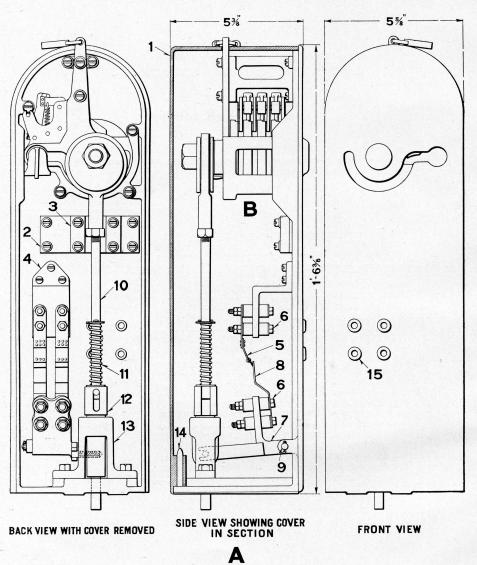
### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
6	Long Terminal Post for contact spring Fig. 4, complete, as above	183-B-8094	36	
7	Short Terminal Post for contact spring Fig. 4, com-			
	plete, with plate washer and nuts	188-B-8094	16	
8	Bracket for contact lever Fig. 10, complete, with pin			
	and cotter Fig. 9 and machine screws for fast-	4-C-5790	60	
9	ening to case	4-C-5/90	00	
9	Fig. 8 and for fastening lever Fig. 18 to bracket			
	Fig. 16	51-B-8063	04	
IO	Lever for contact springs, complete, with contact			
	springs, terminal posts, hook, pin and cotters,	(0)		
7.7	(2-II, 4-5, I-I2, I-I3, Plate 232I)	6-C-6013 36-B-8385	3 70	
II I2	Contact Spring for lever Fig. 10	30-B-0305	00	1 /
12	Fig. 10	8 C-5788	30	
13	Pin, with collar and cotters, for connecting lever			
	Fig. 10 and eccentric rod Fig. 15	52-B-8063	06	
14	Spring for releasing lever Fig. 10	86-B-7770	20	
15 16	Eccentric Rod and Lock Nut	4-C-5788	90	
10	Bracket for contact levers Fig. 18, with machine screws for fastening to base	1-C-6013	60	
17	Separator for pin Fig. 9	126-B-8350	06	
18	Lever for contact spring, complete, with contact	33		
	spring and terminal posts, (1-19, 2-5, Plate			
	2321)	2-C-6013	I 70	
19	Contact Spring for lever Fig. 18	204-B-8385	60	
20	Cam for operating lever Fig. 18 with dowel pin for fastening to shaft Fig. 23	3 C-6013	50	

### CIRCUIT CONTROLLER ATTACHMENT

### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
21	Locking Dog, with dowel pin for fastening to shaft			
	Fig. 23	5-C-6013	50	
22	Bearing for shaft Fig. 23, with machine screws for	3		
	fastening to case	4-C-6013	60	
23 .	Shaft	64-B-8057	20	
23a	Shaft, complete, with cams, locking dog, bushing,			
	arm and handle, (2-20, 1-21, 1-24, 1-25a. Plate	"		
	2321)		5 90	
24	Bushing for shaft Fig. 23	125-B-8350	08	
25	Arm, with dowel pin and set screw for shaft Fig.	43-B-8192	I 00	
25a	Arm, complete, with handle, sleeve, spring and plun-	43-11-0192	1 00	
254	ger, (1-25, 1-26, 1-27, 1-28, 1-29, Plate 2321)	"	4 10	
26	Handle, with set screw for arm Fig 25	19-B-8311	90	
27	Sleeve for handle Fig. 26	5-C-3980	30	
28	Spring for handle Fig. 26	37-B-8124	22	
29	Plunger for handle Fig. 26	6-C-3980	90	
30	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, ¼"x%", for fastening circuit			
	controller attachment to bracket Fig. 1, Plate	estation in their		
	2311. Price per hundred		4 00	
31	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, 1/4"x7/16", for fastening		2 00	
	bracket Fig. 2 to case. Price per hundred		2 00	
32	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x9/16", for fastening bracket Fig. 16 and bearing Fig. 22 to case.			
	Price per hundred		2 00	
33	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x7/16", for fasten-		2 00	
33	ing bracket Fig. 8 to case. Price per hundred.		2 00	
34	Fl. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x9/16", for fasten-			
	ing bracket Fig. 16 to case. Price per hundred.		2 00	



STAFF LEVER LOCK

### STAFF LEVER LOCK

The staff lever lock listed below, complete, does not include staffs which must be ordered separately. For staffs see Plate 2337.

When ordering specify number of staff to be used in the lock.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
A	Staff Lever Lock, complete, as shown, with cover and padlock. Specify number of staff	1-C-5093	80 00	
В	Locking Drum and Frame, complete, with eccentric and machine screws for fastening to case. Spec-			1
	ify number of staff. See Plate 2327, Fig. A	1-B-9901	48 00	
I	Cover	2-C-5763	4 10	
2	Terminal Board, complete, with two two-way terminals Fig. 3 and machine screws for fastening	-		
	to case	2-C-4765	1-50	
3	Two-Way Terminal, complete, with machine screws			
	and washers	5-C-4765	38	
4	Bracket for contact springs, complete, with contact springs, terminal posts and machine screws for			
	fastening to case, (2-5, 4-6, Plate 2323)	2-B-8966	3 90	

### STAFF LEVER LOCK

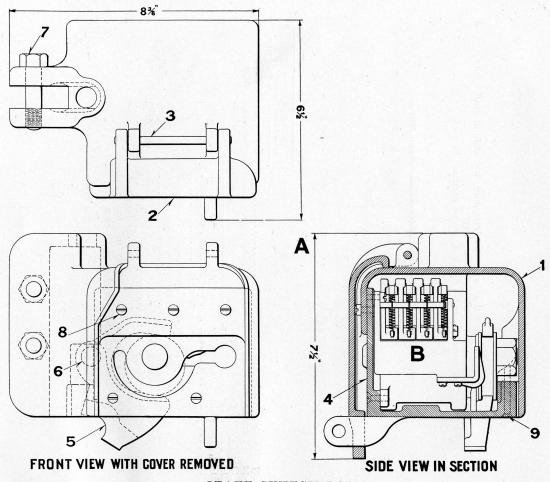
### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
5	Contact Spring for bracket Fig. 4 Terminal Post, complete, with insulating bushings,	130-B-8385	84	
	plate washers and nuts	38-B-8094	30	
7	Lever for contact springs, complete, with contact springs, terminal posts, pin and cotters, (2-8,			
	4-6, I-9, Plate 2323)	9-C-5094	2 80	1
8	Contact Spring for lever Fig. 7	131-B-8385	28	
9	Pin, 1/4" x2-5/16", with cotters for fastening lever			
	_ Fig. 7 to case	31-B·8063	06	
10	Eccentric Rod, complete, with lock nut, washers and cotter for spring Fig. 11, pin for operating plunger Fig. 22 and developing	8 C 5004		
	ger Fig. 12, and dowel pin	8-C-5094	20	

### STAFF LEVER LOCK

### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
II	Spring for eccentric rod Fig. 10	66-B-7770	26	
12	Plunger, complete, with stude and dowel pins	5-C-5094	2 10	
13	Plunger Guide, with tap bolts for fastening to case	3-C-5094	I 40	
14	Stud for holding cover in place	13-B-8114	04	
15 16	Insulating Bushing for wire openings in case	75-B-8100	04	
16	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x11/16", for bracket			
	Fig. 4. Price per hundred		2 00	
17	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x3/8", for fastening			
	terminal board Fig. 2 to case and for holding			
	terminals Fig. 3. Price per hundred		2 00	
18	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x1/4", for terminals			
	Fig. 3. Price per hundred		2 00	



STAFF SWITCH LOCK

### STAFF SWITCH LOCK

### For application see Plate 2335

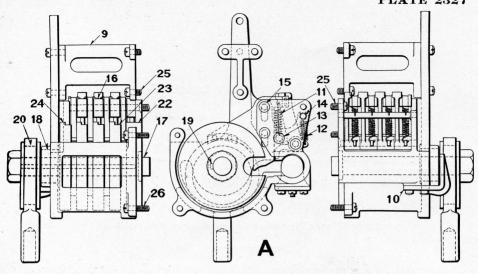
The staff switch lock listed below, complete, does not include staffs which must be ordered separately. For staffs see Plate 2337.

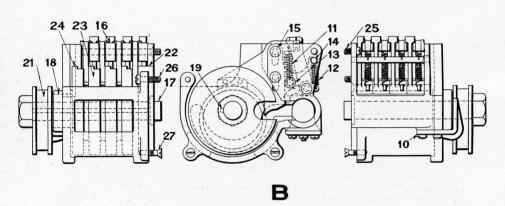
When ordering specify number of staff to be used in the lock.

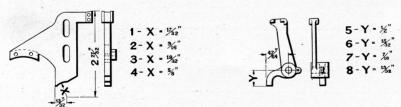
### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

Fig.	4	Drawing Reference	List Price	
A	Staff Switch Lock, complete, with padlock and			
В	chain. Specify number of staff  Locking Drum and Frame, complete, with eccentric and machine screws for fastening to front plate.	1-C-5789	76 oo	
	Specify number of staff. See Plate 2327, Fig. B.	1-B-9901	46 90	
I	Case only	1-C-5787	5 30	
2	Cover	2-C-5789	40	
3	Hinge Pin for cover	5-C-5787	02	
4	Front Plate and Base only	2-C-5787	8 40	
4a	as above, complete, with locking drum and			
	frame, locking dog, stud and machine screws for			
	fastening to case, (1-4, 1-B, 1-5, 1-6, 1-9b, 3-8,			
	2-9, 1-9a, Plate 2325)	"	65 00	
5	Locking Dog	3-C-5787	4 20	
	Stud for locking dog	4-C-5787	04	
7	Tap Bolt, ½"x2", for fastening staff switch lock		4.00	
8	to lever of dwarf machine. Price per hundred.		4 00	
0	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x7/16", for fasten-			
	ing front plate and base Fig. 4 to case Fig. 1.		2 00	
0	Price per hundred		2 00	
9	ing front plate and base Fig. 4 to case Fig. 1.			
	Price per hundred		2 00	
ga	Fl. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x1", for fastening		2 00	
ga	front plate and base Fig. 4 to case Fig. 1. Price			
	per hundred		2 00	
9b	Fl. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x3/8", for holding			
20	stud Fig. 6 in front plate and base Fig. 4. Price			
	per hundred		2 00	

**PLATE 2327** 







LOCKING DRUM AND FRAME FOR INTERMEDIATE SIDING STAFF INSTRUMENT, PERMISSIVE, PUSHER AND CIRCUIT CONTROLLER ATTACHMENTS, STAFF LEVER LOCK AND STAFF SWITCH LOCK

# LOCKING DRUM AND FRAME FOR INTERMEDIATE SIDING STAFF INSTRUMENT, PERMISSIVE, PUSHER AND CIRCUIT CONTROLLER ATTACHMENTS, STAFF LEVER LOCK AND STAFF SWITCH LOCK

When ordering specify number of staff

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
A	Locking Drum and Frame, complete, as shown, with eccentric sheave, eccentric plate and strap;			
	for staff lever lock, permissive, pusher and cir- cuit controller attachments. Specify number of			
	staff	1-B-9901	48 00	
В	Locking Drum and Frame, complete, as shown, with eccentric sheave and eccentric plate for			
	staff switch lock. Specify number of staff	6-C-5094	46 90	
Ba	Locking Drum and Frame, complete, without eccen-			
	tric sheave or eccentric plate, for intermediate			
	siding staff instrument. Specify number of staff.		45 30	
I	Locking Dog and Driver "a", complete, with rivets	14-C-5094	3 20	
2	Locking Dog and Driver "b", complete, with rivets	14-C-5094	3 20	
3	Locking Dog and Driver "c", complete, with rivets	14-C-5094	3 20	
4	Locking Dog and Driver "d", complete, with rivets	14-C-5094	3 20	
5	Driver Locking Lever "a"	15-C-5094	60	
6	Driver Locking Lever "b"	15-C-5094	60	
7	Driver Locking Lever "c"	15-C-5c94	60	
8	Driver Locking Lever "d"	15-C-5094	60	

# LOCKING DRUM AND FRAME FOR INTERMEDIATE SIDING STAFF INSTRUMENT, PERMISSIVE, PUSHER AND CIRCUIT CONTROLLER ATTACHMENTS, STAFF LEVER LOCK AND STAFF SWITCH LOCK

When ordering specify number of staff

### Order by Plate and Figure

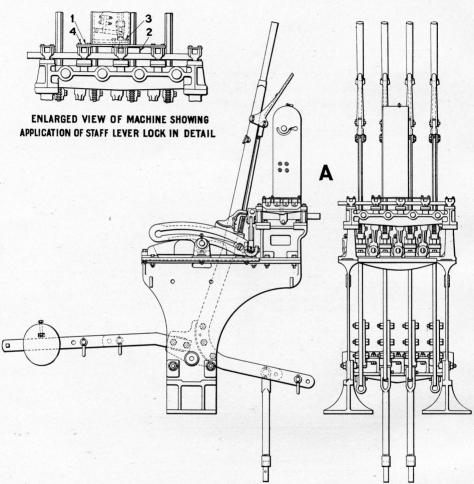
Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
9	Frame Brace for Fig. A, with machine screws for			
	fastening to locking frame and case of instru-	2062		
10	Staff Stop, with machine screws for fastening to	3-C-5763	50	
10	locking frame	2-C-5094	30	
II '	Spring for locking dogs and drivers Figs. 1, 2, 3	0 ).		
	and 4	59-B-7770	08	
12	Spring for driver locking levers Figs. 5, 6, 7 and 8	65-B-7770	08	
13	Pin for holding springs Fig. 11	43-B-8097	10	
14	Pin for supporting springs Fig. 12	45-B-8097	06	
15	Pin for supporting locking dogs and drivers Figs.			
	1, 2, 3 and 4 and driver locking levers Figs. 5, 6, 7 and 8	44-B-8097	02	
16	Separator for pin Fig. 15	49-B-8072	04	
17	Shaft, with nut, for locking drum	13-C-5094	1 90	
17a	Locking Drum, complete, with shaft, nut, plates,			
	key and bushing, (1-17, 1-22, 3-23, 1-24, 1-19,			
	I-18, Plate 2327)	( DO	15 00	
18	Bushing for shaft Fig. 17	65-B-8072	56	
19	Key for shaft Fig. 17	4-B-8966	10	

# LOCKING DRUM AND FRAME FOR INTERMEDIATE SIDING STAFF INSTRUMENT, PERMISSIVE, PUSHER AND CIRCUIT CONTROLLER ATTACHMENTS, STAFF LEVER LOCK AND STAFF SWITCH LOCK

When ordering specify number of staff

### Order by Plate and Figure

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
20	Eccentric, complete, with sheave, plate and strap, for shaft Fig. 17, used only in Fig. A	1-B-8966	2 90	
21	Eccentric, complete, with sheave and plate, for shaft			
	Fig. 17, used only in Fig. B	"	I 70	
22	Front Plate for locking drum	10-C-5094	1 50	
23	Intermediate Plate for locking drum, with stop and			
	rivets	12-C-5094	2 60	
24	Back Plate for locking drum, with stop and rivets	11-C-5094	2 60	
25	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x7/16", for fasten-			
	ing frame brace and locking frame to case of			
	instrument. Price per hundred		2 00	
26	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x11/16", for fasten-			
	ing locking frame to case of instrument. Price			
	per hundred		2 00	
27	Fl. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 10-32x11/16", for fasten-			
	ing bottom lugs of locking frame to case of staff			
	switch lock, used only in staff lock Fig. B. Price			
	per hundred		2 00	



STAFF LEVER LOCK APPLIED TO SAXBY AND FARMER INTERLOCKING MACHINE

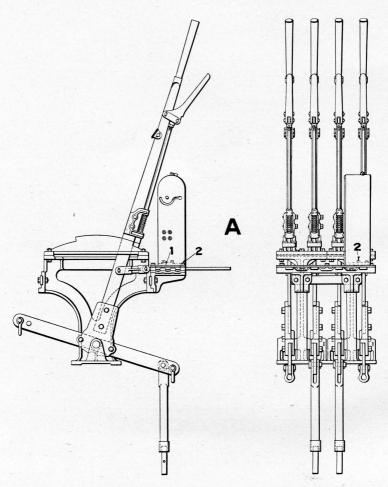
## STAFF LEVER LOCK APPLIED TO SAXBY AND FARMER INTERLOCKING MACHINE

For Staff Lever Lock and Details see Plate 2323

When ordering specify number of staff to be used in staff lever lock, number of the lever to which the lock is to be applied and the size of the interlocking machine.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

A Staff Lever Lock, complete, with base plate, tap bolts, cap screws and lock bolt block with rivets for locking bar. Specify number of staff, number of lever to which the lock is to be applied and size of interlocking machine. For details of staff lever lock see Plate 2323
Base Plate for staff lever lock. Specify number of the lever to which the lock is to be applied and size of interlocking machine
the lever to which the lock is to be applied and size of interlocking machine
size of interlocking machine
ing bar
3 Tap Bolt, \(\frac{3}{8}\)"x\%", for fastening staff lever lock to
base plate. Price per hundred 2 00
4 Tap Bolt, ¼"x¾", for fastening base plate to locking brackets of interlocking machine. Price
per hundred 2 00



STAFF LEVER LOCK APPLIED TO STEVENS INTERLOCKING MACHINE

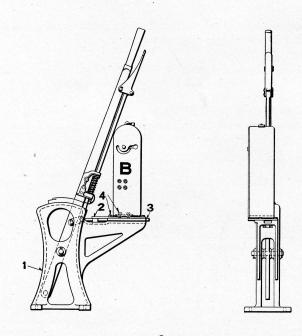
## STAFF LEVER LOCK APPLIED TO STEVENS INTERLOCKING MACHINE

For Staff Lever Lock and Details see Plate 2323

When ordering specify number of staff to be used in staff lever, lock and number of the lever to which the lock is to be applied.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
A	Staff Lever Lock, complete, with base plate and tap			
	bolts, for two-lever Stevens machine having			
	three-way locking plate. Specify number of			
	staff to be used in staff lever lock and number			
	of lever to which lock is to be applied. For de-			
	tails of staff lever lock see Plate 2323	12-C-5837	81 10	
Aa	as above, complete, for two-lever Stevens	"		
	machine having six-way locking plate		81 30	
Ab	as above, complete, for four-lever Stevens		0	1
	machine having three-way locking plate		81 70	
Ac	as above, complete, for six-lever Stevens	0 -0	0	
	machine having six-way locking plate	13-C-5837	82 10	
Ι	Base Plate for two lever Stevens machine having			4
	three-way locking plate. Specify lever to which	- 0 -066		
га	lock is to be appliedas above, for two-lever Stevens machine	1-C-5866	I 00	
1d		17-C-5866	1 00	
ıb	having six-way locking plate as above, for four-lever Stevens machine	17-C-5000	I 20	
10	having three-way locking plate	16-C-5866	1 60	
IC	as above, for six-lever Stevens machine	10-C-5000	1 00	
10	having six-way locking plate	7-C-5866	2 00	
2	Tap Bolt, 3/8" x 7/8", for fastening staff lever lock to	7-6-3000	2 00	
-	base plate and base plate to locking plate. Price			
	per hundred		2 00	
2a	Fl. Hd. Mach. Screw, 3/8"x7/8", for fastening base		2 00	
	plate to locking plate when staff lever lock in-			
	terferes with use of tap bolts. Price per hun-			
	dred		4 00	



STAFF LEVER LOCK APPLIED TO DWARF MACHINE

### STAFF LEVER LOCK APPLIED TO DWARF MACHINE

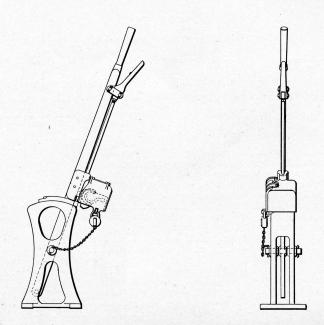
This plate shows application of the staff lever lock to a special dwarf machine, and if the staff lever lock is to be applied to the dwarf machine shown in the mechanical catalogue, other fittings will be required.

Levers and details of dwarf machines not listed below are standard and will be found in the mechanical catalogue.

When ordering specify number of staff to be used in staff lever lock.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
A	One-Lever Dwarf Machine, complete, as shown,			
	with staff lever lock. Specify number of staff			
	to be used in staff lever lock	2-C-5837	110 00	
Aa	Two-Lever Dwarf Machine, complete, with two			
	staff lever locks. Specify number of staff to be			
	used in the staff lever lock	4-C-5837	214 00	
Ab	Two-Lever Dwarf Machine, complete, with one staff			
	lever lock on right hand lever. Specify number			
	of staff to be used in staff lever lock	"	134 00	1
Ac	Two-Lever Dwarf Machine, complete, with one staff			
	lever lock on left hand lever. Specify number			
	of staff to be used in staff lever lock	"	134 00	
В	Staff Lever Lock, complete, with tap bolts for fast-			
	ening to base plates Figs. 2 and 2a. Specify			
	number of staff. For details see Plate 2323	1-C-5093	80 00	
I	Stand only, for one-lever dwarf machine	20-C-4942	13 10	
Ia	Stand only, for two-lever dwarf machine	21-C-4942	19 30	N/A
2	Base Plate for staff lever lock applied to a one-lever	0.60		
	dwarf machine	1-C-6809	I CO	
2a	Base Plate for staff lever lock applied to a two-lever	- 0 (0		
	dwarf machine	3-C-6809	1 70	
3	Tappet for a one-lever dwarf machine and right	20 60-0		
	hand lever of a two-lever dwarf machine	2-C-6809	1 10	
3a	Tappet for left hand lever of a two-lever dwarf ma-	1 ( 6800	7 70	
	chine	4-C-6809	I 10	
4	Tap Bolt, 38"x78", for fastening staff lever lock to			
	base plate and base plate to stand. Price per		2 00	
	hundred		2 001	1



STAFF SWITCH LOCK APPLIED TO DWARF MACHINE

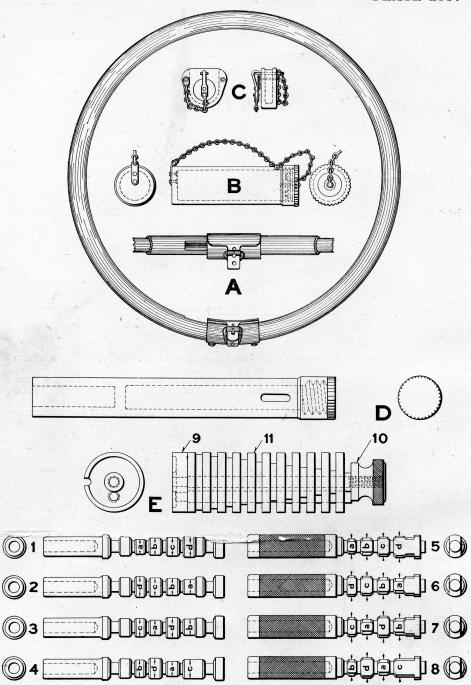
### STAFF SWITCH LOCK APPLIED TO DWARF MACHINE

Plate on the opposite page shows the application of the staff switch lock to a dwarf machine.

No extra fittings are required for this application, the latch shoe on the lever being replaced by the case of the switch lock which is designed to accommodate the

For staff switch lock and details see Plate 2325; for dwarf machine see mechanic-

al catalogue.



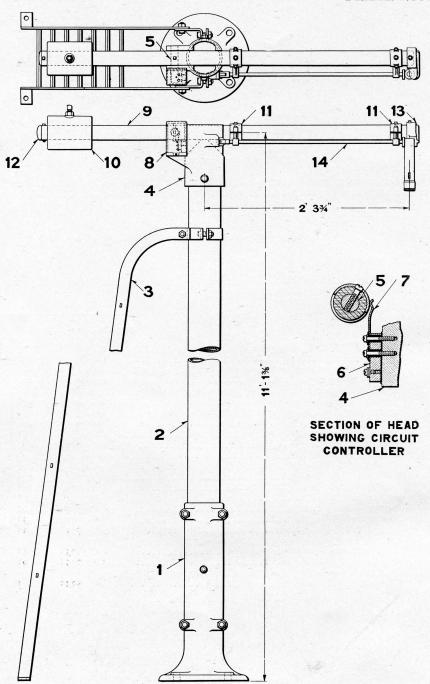
STAFFS AND STAFF POUCHES

### STAFFS AND STAFF POUCHES

When ordering permissive staff specify number of staff, and when ordering discs for permissive staff specify number of staff and number of disc.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

Fig.	Drawing Reference	List Price	
	·		
A Ring Staff Pouch, complete, as shown and rivets	1-B-9139	9 00	
B Pouch for permissive staff, complete with stopper and chain	4-B-9105	4 80	
C Pouch for permissive staff disc, comple with chains and snap	1-B-9105	1 50	
D Pouch for absolute staff, complete, as stopper	1-B-8997	2 00	. 2
E Permissive Staff, complete, with discs Specify number of staff	4-C-5833	20 00	-
I Absolute Staff No. 1	12-C-4764	2 00	
2 Absolute Staff No. 2	13-C-4764	2 00	
3 Absolute Staff No. 3	14-C-4764	2 00	
4 Absolute Staff No. 4	15-C-4764	2 00	
5 Pusher Staff No. 1	19-C-5791	5 40	
6 Pusher Staff No. 2		5 40	
7 Pusher Staff No. 3		5 40	
8 Pusher Staff No. 4		5 40	
g End Disc with spindles for permissive s	taff. Specify		12.
number of permissive staff	4-C-5833	I IO	
10 Knob for permissive staff		90	
11 Disc for permissive staff. Specify nur	nber of disc		
and number of permissive staff		I IO	



CRANE STAFF DELIVERER

### CRANE STAFF DELIVERER

The staff deliverer listed below, complete, does not include staff pouches, which must be ordered separately. For staff pouches see Plate 2337.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
A	Crane Staff Deliverer, complete, as shown, without			-
	staff pouch	6-C-5097	60 00	
I	Base, complete, with bolts for holding together	12-C-7251	3 00	
2	Mast, 4-inch casing, complete, with bolt for fasten-			
	ing to base	6-C-7251	9 40	
3	Ladder, complete, with stay and bolts	136-B-8363	3 20	
4	Head only, with bolt for fastening to mast	11-C-7251	3 90	
4a	as above, complete, with stud, contact blocks			
	and cover		9 30	
5	Stud, for holding arm, complete, with hard rubber	D. O	- 0	
6	collar, contact band and set screw	73-B-8090	1 80	
O	Contact Block, complete, with two contact springs Fig. 7 insulation, terminal post and machine			
		00 0000	7 60	
_	screws for fastening to head Fig. 4	9-C-7251	1 60	
8	Contact Spring only for circuit controller	533-B-8385	50	
0	fastening to head Fig. 4	13-C-7251	50	
	Arm only, with bolt for fastening to stud Fig. 5	4-C-7251	70	
9	as above, complete, with counterweight,	4-0-7251	2 40	
9a	bearings, cap, pouch holder, lock rod and bolts,			
	(1-9, 1-10, 2-11, 1-12, 1-13, 1-14, Plate 2339)		20 50	

### CRANE STAFF DELIVERER

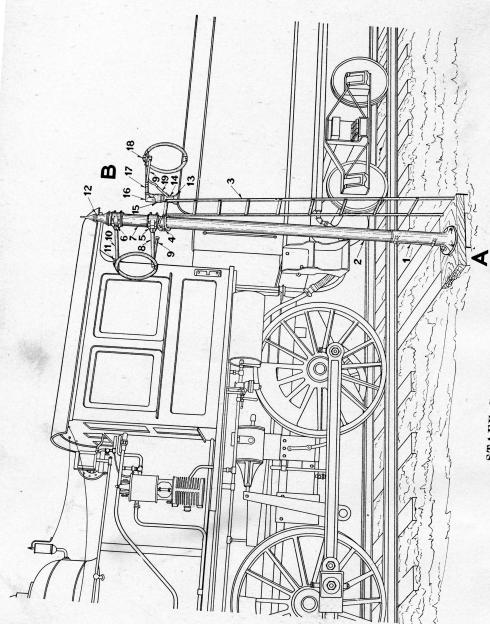
### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
	C	7.0		
10	Counterweight, with set screw	33-B-8137	2 00	
II	Bearing for lock rod Fig. 13, complete, with cap and			
	bolts for holding together and fastening to arm.	I-C-7251	3 60	
12	Cap, complete, with bolt, for fastening to arm Fig. 9.	3-C-7251	24	
13	Pouch Holder with bolt for fastening to arm Fig. 9.	5-C-7251	2 30	
14	Lock Rod, complete, with roller, pin and cotters	10 C-7251	6 30	
15	Sq. Hd. Mach. Bolt and Hex. Nut, 5/8"x41/4", for	10 0 1-31		
-3	holding together base Fig. 1. Price per hundred.		10 00	1
16	Sq. Hd. Mach. Bolt and Hex. Nut, ½"x6", for hold-		10 00	
.0	ing mast Fig. 2 in base. Price per hundred		8 00	
17	Sq. Hd. Mach. Bolt and Hex. Nut, ½"x5¾", for		0 00	
1/				
	fastening head Fig. 4 to mast. Price per hun-		0	
0	dred		8 00	
18	Sq. Hd. Mach. Bolt and Hex. Nut, ½"x1½", for			
	holding together ladder stays. Price per hun-			
	dred		6 00	
19	Sq. Hd. Mach Bolt and Hex. Nut, ½"x1", for fast-			
	ening ladder to stays. Price per hundred		6 00	

### CRANE STAFF DELIVERER

### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
20	Sq. Hd. Mach. Bolt and Hex. Nut, 1/4"x3", for fast- ening bearing Fig. 11 and pouch holder Fig. 13 to arm. Price per hundred	- Teresearce		
21	Sq. Hd. Mach. Bolt and Hex. Nut, 1/4"x21/4", for		4 00	
	fastening arm to stud Fig. 5 and cap Fig. 12 to			
22	arm. Price per hundred		4 00	
22	ing cap to bearing Fig. 11. Price per hundred		4 00	4
23	Set Screw and Hex. Nut, 5%"x2½", for counterweight Fig. 10. Price per hundred		10 00	
24	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 8-32x13/16", for fastening contact block Fig. 6 to head. Price per		10 00	
25	hundred Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 8-32x%", for fastening collar and contact band to stud Fig. 5. Price		2 00	
26	per hundred		2 00	
27	8. Price per hundred		2 00	
27	Fil. Hd. Mach. Screw, No. 8-32x3/8", for contact block Fig. 6. Price per hundred		2 00	



STAFF CATCHER AND DELIVERER

### STAFF CATCHER AND DELIVERER

The catchers and deliverers, listed below, complete, do not include ring staff pouches which must be ordered separately. For ring staff pouch see Plate 2337, Fig. A.

### Order by Plate, Figure and Instructions given above

<b>T</b>		Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
A	Ground Catcher and Deliverer, complete, with base, mast, ladder, arms, sockets, pinnacle and bolts.	1-C-5097	48 00	
В	Engine Catcher and Deliverer, complete, with base, mast, head, arms, brace and bolts	2-C-5097	30 00	
I	Base for ground catcher and deliverer Fig. A, complete, with bolts for holding together	12-C-7251	5 40	
2	Mast for ground catcher and deliverer Fig. A	3-C-5099	5 40 8 60	1
3	Ladder for ground catcher and deliverer Fig. A, complete, with stays and bolts	20-B-8365	3 20	
4	Incline Casting, complete, with bolts for holding together and for fastening to mast Fig. 2	1-C-5098	2 10	
5	Socket for catching arm Fig. 8, complete, with cap, bolts, roller, pin, washer and cotter	2-C-5098	3 00	
5a	as above, complete, with arm Fig. 8 and catch rod Fig. 9	"	4 70	
6	Socket for delivering arm, complete, with cap and bolts for holding together	11-C-5098	2 60	
6а	as above, complete, with arm Fig. 10 and ring holder Fig. 11	"	5 10	
	ring norder rig. ii		5 10	

### STAFF CATCHER AND DELIVERER

### Order by Plate and Figure

	*	Drawing Reference	List Price	
Fig.				
7 8	Sleeve for sockets Figs. 5 and 6	2-C-5099	I 70	
9.	pins and cotters	8-C-5099	1 00	
10	caps	12-C-5099	40	
11	Fig. 6	5-C-5099	70	
11	spring, pins and cotters	2-B-9031	1 60	
12	Pinnacle, with tap bolt, for mast Fig. 2	I-B-8121	I 70	
13	Base for engine catcher and deliverer, complete, with bolts for holding together	1-B-9527	3 90	
14	Mast for engine catcher and deliverer	18-C-5099	4 00	
15	Head, with bolts for fastening to mast Fig. 14	6-C-5098	3 20	
15a	as above, complete, with jaw, arm, ring holder, catching rod, toggle brace, bolts, pins			
	and cotters, (1-15, 1-16, 1-17, 1-18, 1-9, 1-19, Plate 2341)		16 20	
16	Jaw for arm Fig. 17, complete, with pins and cotters			
	for fastening to head Fig. 15 and for holding arm Fig. 17	9-C-5098	2 20	
17	Catching and Delivering Arm	13-C-5099	60	
18	Ring Holder, complete, with clamp, spring, pins and cotters	1-B-9031	1 50	

### STAFF CATCHER AND DELIVERER

### Order by Plate and Figure

Fig.		Drawing Reference	List Price	
19	Toggle Brace, complete, with bars, pivots, cotters, dog and toggle bracket with bolts for fastening			
	to mast Fig. 14	1-C-5099	I 20	
20	Hex. Hd. Bolt and Nut, \%"x5\%", for fastening incline casting Fig. 4 to mast. Price per hundred.		12 00	
21	Hex. Hd. Bolt and Nut, \( \frac{5}{8}'' \times 43\frac{3}{8}'' \), for holding to-	di di	12 00	
	gether base Fig. 1. Price per hundred		12 00	
22	Hex. Hd. Bolt and Nut, 5%"x4", for holding together incline casting Fig. 4 and base Fig. 13. Price			9
	per hundred		10 00	
23	Hex. Hd. Bolt and Nut, 5%"x3¾", for fastening caps to sockets Figs. 5 and 6. Price per hundred		10 00	
24	Hex. Hd. Bolt and Nut, ½"x1", for fastening lad-			
o <b>r</b>	der Fig. 3 to stay. Price per hundred Hex. Hd. Bolt and Nut, \%"x4\%", for fastening head		6 00	
25	Fig. 15 to mast. Price per hundred		6 00	
26	Hex. Hd. Tap Bolt, 3/8"x5/8", for toggle brace Fig.			
27	19. Price per hundred		2 00	
	Price per hundred		4 00	

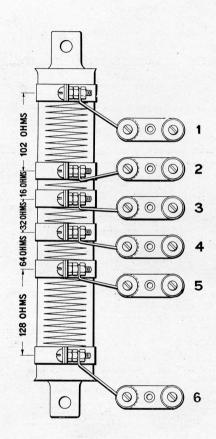


DIAGRAM OF ADJUSTABLE RESISTANCE TUBE

### TABLE OF RESISTANCES FOR ELECTRIC TRAIN STAFF SYSTEM

The distance between two staff instruments depends upon traffic conditions and therefore the resistance of the line wire in series with the line coil of the lock magnet varies considerably. The local coil of the lock magnet should have a variable resistance in series with it in order that it may balance perfectly with the line coil. This is accomplished by using the adjustable resistance tube shown diagrammatically on the opposite page.

The table below gives the required information for connecting up the adjustable

resistance tube for any ordinary condition.

Column I represents the total resistance of the two line wires connecting a pair of instruments.

Column 2 shows the normal voltage required to operate. (This is 50% above the minimum voltage required and gives a large working margin.)

Column 3 shows the corresponding number of dry cells required to secure the voltages shown in Column 2.

Column 4 shows the ohms resistance to be inserted in series with the local coil to

balance the line resistances as given in Column 1.

Column 5 shows the proper terminal to which one wire leading from the local coil of the lock magnet should be connected to get the resistance shown in Column 4. THE OTHER SHOULD ALWAYS BE CONNECTED TO TERMINAL 1.

Column 6 shows the additional connections to be made in order to get the resistances shown in Column 4.

Example. Two staff instruments are 534 miles apart. No. 12 B. & S. copper line wire is used. Total length of line wire will be 11½ miles. Total resistance of line will be 96 ohms. Consulting the table we see that 30 cells of dry battery should be used to operate and that 262 ohms should be put in series with the local coil. Columns 5 and 6 show that to get this resistance we connect terminals 2 and 3 together and also terminals 4 and 5 together. We then connect terminals 1 and 6 into the local circuit.

					Augustina de la compansión de la compans
	2	3	4	5	6
Ohms Resistance in Line	Volts Required to Operate	No. Cells of Dry Battery Required to Operate	Ohms Resistance to be Added to Local Circuit	Terminal of Adjustable Resistance Tube to be Connected in Local Circuit	Terminals of Adjustable Resistance Tube to be Connected Together
16 24 32 40 48 56 64 72 80 88 96 104 112 120 128	30.2 31.4 32.5 33.6 34.8 35.9 37. 38.2 39.3 40.5 41.6 42.7 43.9 45.	22 22 23 24 25 26 26 27 28 29 30 30 31 32 33	102 118 134 150 166 182 198 214 230 246 262 278 294 310 326	2 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6	None None 2 & 3 None 2 & 4 3 & 4 2 & 3 None 2 & 5 3 & 5 2 & 3-4 & 5 4 & 5 2 & 4 3 & 4 2 & 3

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